

The Gazette



of India

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NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 9th August 1960 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
161	S. O. 1965, dated 6th August, 1960.	Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel.	Further amendment in S.O. 842 dated 1st April, 1960.
162	S. O. 1966, dated 9th August, 1960.	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.	Approval of film specified therein.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (II)

Statutory orders and notifications issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories)

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 9th August 1960

S.O. 2029.—In pursuance of sub-clause (i) of clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Destruction of Records Act, 1917 (5 of 1917), the Central Government hereby specially authorises the Chief Commissioner of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands to make rules for the disposal of the documents referred to in that sub-clause in relation to that Union territory.

[No. 34/8/60-ANL.]

S. P. BALASUBRAMANIAN, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE
(Department of Expenditure)

New Delhi, the 4th August 1960

S.O. 2030.—In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso to article 309 and clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution, and after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General in relation to persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, the President hereby makes the following further amendments in the Civil Service Regulations, namely:—

1. These regulations may be called the Civil Service (Amendment) Regulations, 1960.

2. In the Civil Service Regulations,—

(i) for Article 442 the following Article shall be substituted, namely:—

"442. Except as provided under Article 448, an officer applying for an invalid pension shall submit a medical certificate of incapacity in the manner specified below:

(a) If the officer submitting the application is on leave elsewhere than in India, then the examination shall be arranged through the Indian Missions abroad by a Medical Board consisting of a Physician, a Surgeon and an Ophthalmologist, each of them having the status of a consultant. The services of doctors approved for the officers and staff of the Mission concerned shall be utilised for this purpose provided they fulfill the above conditions. A lady doctor shall be included as a member of the Medical Board whenever a woman candidate is to be examined.

(b) If the officer submitting the application is in India, then the examining medical authority shall be—

(1) a Medical Board, in the case of all Gazetted Government servants and those non-Gazetted Government servants whose pay, as defined in Rule 9(21) of the Fundamental Rules, exceeds Rs. 50 per mensem;

(2) a Civil Surgeon or a District Medical Officer or Medical Officer of equivalent status in other cases.

(c) Except in the case of the officer on leave elsewhere than in India, no medical certificate of incapacity for service may be granted unless the applicant produced a letter to show that the head of his office or department is aware of his intention to appear before the Medical Officer. The Medical Officer shall also be supplied by the head of the office or department in which the applicant is employed with a statement of what appears from official records to be the applicant's age. Where the applicant has a service book, the age there recorded should be reported.

(d) In the case of civilians in the various administrative services and departments of the Indian Army including the Military Accounts Department who, under an agreement, are liable for field service, incapacity for service, must be established by a military Medical Board the members of which will attest the medical certificate";

(ii) for Article 445 and the heading thereof, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Form of Medical Certificate elsewhere than in India.

445. The form of medical certificate given by the Medical Board arranged by the Indian Mission abroad, respecting an officer applying for invalid pension while on leave elsewhere than in India, shall be as follows:

"We have carefully examined Mr. taking into account all the facts of the case as well as his present condition, we consider that he is incapable of discharging the duties of his situation,

and that such incapability is likely to be permanent. His incapacity does not appear to us to have been caused by irregular or intemperate habits."

NOTE.—(If the incapacity is obviously the result of intemperance, substitute for the last sentence: "In our opinion his incapacity is the result of irregular or intemperate habits".)

(If the incapacity does not appear to be complete and permanent, the certificate should be modified accordingly and the following addition should be made.)

We are of opinion that A/B, is fit for further service of a less laborious character than that which he has been doing (or may, after resting for months, be fit for further service of a less laborious character than that which he has been doing.);

(iii) In Article 446, for the words "attached to the India Office", the words "arranged by the Indian Mission abroad" shall be substituted;

(iv) In Article 447, in clause (b), the brackets and the words "(the principle of Article 427 must always be carefully borne in mind)", occurring at the end, shall be omitted.

[No. F. 67(11)-EV/60.]

New Delhi, the 8th August 1960

S.O. 2031.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 and clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution, and after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General of India in relation to persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, the President hereby makes the following further amendment in the Civil Service Regulations, namely:—

1. These regulations may be called the Civil Service (Amendment) Regulations, 1960.

2. In the Civil Service Regulations,—

in Article 920, in clause (1) the following shall be added at the end namely:—

"For this purpose the officer concerned shall be served with a notice by the pension sanctioning authority, requiring him to refund the excess payments within a period of two months from the date of receipt by him of the notice. On his failure to comply with the notice the pension sanctioning authority shall order that such excess payments shall be adjusted by short payments of pension in future, in one or more instalments, as the authority may order."

[No. F. 24(33)-EV/60.]

DEVI DIYAL BHATIA, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 10 August, 1960.

S. O. 2032—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on the 5th August, 1960.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

Liabilities		Rs.	Assets		Rs.
Capital paid up		5,00,00,000	Notes		14,45,27,000
Reserve Fund		80,00,00,000	Rupee Coin		1,08,000
National Agricultural Credit (Long-term Operations) Fund		40,00,00,000	Subsidiary Coin		4,54,000
National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund		5,00,00,000	Bills Purchased and Discounted :—		
Deposits :—			(a) Internal
(a) Government			(b) External
(1) Central Government		57,38,07,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills		23,61,41,000
(2) Other Governments		17,84,71,000	Balances held abroad*		19,84,77,000
(b) Banks		118,44,78,000	Loans and Advances to Governments**		37,06,88,000
(c) Others		139,34,35,000	Other Loans and Advances†		122,05,04,000
Bills Payable		14,49,79,000	Investments		258,60,17,000
Other Liabilities		10,39,42,000	Other Assets		12,21,96,000
TOTAL		487,91,12,000	TOTAL		487,91,12,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

**Includes Temporary Overdrafts to State Governments.

†The item 'Other Loans and Advances' includes Rs. 10,85,30,000 advanced to scheduled banks against usance bills under Section 17(4) (c) of the Reserve Bank of India, Act.

Dated the 10th day of August, 1960.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 5th day of August, 1960.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

Liabilities	Rs.	Rs.	Assets	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	14,45,27,000		A. Gold Coin and Bullion :—		
			(a) Held in India . . .	117,76,03,000	
Notes in circulation . . .	1812,31,81,000		(b) Held outside India ?	..	
Total Notes issued		1826,77,08,000	Foreign Securities . . .	128,00,89,000	
			TOTAL OF A . . .		245,76,92,000
			B. Rupees Coin . . .		129,43,05,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities . . .		1451,57,11,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper
TOTAL LIABILITIES . . .		1826,77,08,000	TOTAL ASSETS . . .		1826,77,08,000

Dated the 10th day of August 1960.

H. V. R. IENGAR,
Governor.

[No. F. 3 (2)-BC/60]

A. BAKSI,
Joint Secretary

(Department of Revenue)

ESTATE DUTY

New Delhi, the 12th August 1960

S.O. 2033.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 4 of the Estate Duty Act, 1953 (34 of 1953), the Central Government hereby appoints with effect from the 16th August, 1960, the persons whose names are given in the Appendix as Valuers for the purposes of the said Act for a period of three years from the date of such appointment.

2. The scale of charges for the remuneration of valuers appointed by the Central Government for valuing any property shall be as fixed below and no such Valuer shall charge a fee at a scale higher than the scale so fixed.

Scale of charges

On the first Rs. 50,000/- of the property so valued	..	$\frac{1}{2}\%$ of the value.
On the next Rs. 1,00,000/- of the property so valued	...	$\frac{1}{4}\%$ of the value.
On the balance of the property so valued	...	1/8% of the value.

APPENDIX

Serial No.	Name	Address
<i>I—Engineers/Surveyors/Architects.</i>		
1	Shri Banerjee, B.K., B.E., C.E., M.I.E. (Ind.)	7, Old Post Office Street, (Ground Floor), Calcutta-1
2	Shri Banerjee, Kala Chand, B.E., C.E., M.I.E.	12, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.
3	Shri Banerjee, S.R., B.E., (Civil), M.R.S. H. (Lond.), M.E. (P.H.), A.M.I.E.	2/G/, Brindaban Pal Lane, Calcutta-3.
4	Capt. Bhaduri, B.N., B.Sc. (Lond.), A.C. G.I. (Lond.), A.M.I.C.E., M.I.E.	P. 82, Lake Road, Calcutta-29]
5	Shri Bhar, H.M., B.E., C.E., M.I.E., M.I.S.	10, Hastings Street, Calcutta-1.
6	Shri Biswas, Ranjit, B.Sc., A.V.I., A.R.V. A. (Lond.), A.M.I.S.	22, Jatin Das Road, Calcutta-29.
7	Shri Bose Akshoy, B.E., C.E., M.I.E. (Ind.)	Wellesley House, 7, Wellesley Place, Calcutta-1.]
8	Shri Bose, Benoy Krishna, B.E., M.I.E.,	10, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
9	Shri Bose, Himansu Ranjan, B.E., M.I.E.,	10, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
10	Shri Chakravarti, Sudhansu Coomar, B.E., C.E., A.M.I.E., M.I.S.	93/1, Garpar Road, Calcutta-9.
11	Shri Chaudhuri, B.N., B.E., M.I.E., M. R.S.I. (London).	10, Hastings Street, Calcutta-1.
12	Shri Datta, A.K., B.E., C.E., A.M.I.E. (India), M.I.R.C., M.A.E.	5, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
13	Shri Datta, S., B.E., C.E., M.I.E. (Ind.) M.I.S. (Ind.), M.R.S.H. (Lond.)	P-572, Sch. XLVII, Lake Terrace Extno Calcutta-29.
14	Shri De, Sukumar, B.Sc., A.R.I.C.S. : (Lond.), M.I.S. (Ind.), M.A.E.	Tower House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta-1
15	Shri Dutt, Sushil Kumar, M.I.E.	1-B, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta-1.
16	Shri De, Santosh Kumar, B.E., A.M.I.E.	6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta-1.
17	Shri Ganguly, J. B.E., M.I.E., M.I.S.	Lindlie Chambers, 6, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

1	2	3
18	Shri Ghose, Sudhindra Nath, B.E., C.E., A.M.I.E. (India).	Building Syndicate, 8-2, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
19	Shri Ghose, T.K., B.Sc. (Glas.), M.I.E. M.A.E. C.P.E.	1-B, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.
20	Shri Ghosh, Amal Kumar, B.Sc. A.R.I.C. S. (Lond.), M.I.S.	14, Paikpara Row, Calcutta-37.
21	Shri Ghosh, Saroj Kumar, B.E., A.M.I.E.	7, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.
22	Shri Keir, W.I., A.R.I.B.A., F.I.I.A.	C/o Ballardie Thompson and Mathews. Architects, 7, Wellesley Place, Calcutta- 1
23	Shri Mahajan, Shankerdas, Hons. B.Sc. Engg. (Lond.), A.M.I.E., (Ind.).	17, Central Avenue, Calcutta-13.
24	Shri Majumdar, Benoyendra, B.Sc. (Glas), A.M.I.E. (Ind.)	15, Rowland Road, Calcutta-20.
25	Shri Mitra, A.N., A.M.I., Min.E. (Glas)	Shanti Bitan, P.O. Natundanga, District Burdwan.
26	Shri Mukherjee, Satyapada, B.Sc., B.E., A.M.I.E.	24, Beni Nandan Street, Calcutta-25.
27	Shri Mukhopadhyay, Prabhas Kumar, B.E., A.M.I.E.	45, S.R. Das Road, Kalighat, Calcutta.
28	Shri Neogi, Jnanendra Nath, B.E., C.E., M.I.E. (Ind.).	16/2, Mohendra Bose Lane, Calcutta.
29	Shri Paul, Kiron Chandra, B.Sc. (Cal.), B.Sc. (Glas), A.M.A.E., A.M.I.E.	1-B, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.
30	Shri Roy, Bhabatosh, B.E., C.E., A.M.I.E. M.I.S.	10, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.
31	Shri Sarkar, Hiron Kumar, B.E., C.E.	9, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
32	Shri Aga, A.M., B.E. (Civil).	Ismail Building, Flora Fountain, Fort, Bombay.
33	Shri Aga, Jamshed Burjor, L.R.I., B.A., M.I.S.E., F.I.I.A., L.C.E., M.I.S., M. INST. R.A. (Lond.), F.I.A.A. & S. (Lond.).	Advani Chambers, Sir P. Mehta Road Fort, Bombay.
34	Shri Baria, E.J.N., F.I.A.A., (Lond.) B.E., (Civil), M.I.E. (Ind.), A.M.I.S.E. (London).	C/o Kapadia and Baria Billard House, Jame Jamshed Office, 14, Mangalore Street, Fort, Bombay.
35	Shri Bhandarkar, M.S., B.E., A.M.I.E.,	50, Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
36	Shri Bhide, T.R., G.D., Arch, A.I.I.A.	C/o Jamnadas & Bhide, 134 Meadows Street, Bombay.
37	Shri Bodhe, J.G., B.E., M.I.S.E. (London)	24-26, Dalal Street, Fort Bombay.
38	Shri Buchia, S.N., A.R.I.B., A.M.I.S.E., B.E.	C/o Chinoy Buchia and Divesha, 11 Bruce-Street, Fort, Bombay
39	Shri Chowdhari, D.R., A.R.I.B.A.	C/o Gregson Batley and King, Chartered Bank Building, Bombay-1.
40	Shri Doctor, B.E., F.R.I.B.A. (London) F.I.I.A., M.R.S.H.	"Dhannur, Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
41	Shri Dallas, Homi N., F.R.I.B.A., F.I.I.A.	C/o Parelkar and Dallas, Meadows House 39, Meadows Street, Bombay-1.
42	Shri Desai, H.R., B.E., M.I.E.	47, Pratab Ganj, Baroda.
43	Shri Doshi, H.G., B.E., M.I.E.	26, Imperial Chambers Wilson Road, Bellary Estate, Bombay.
44	Shri Divecha, Krishnaram T., B.E., M.I.E. A.I.A.A. (Lond.), M.I.S., A.I.A.R.B.	C/o Sykes Parkor & Divecha, 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort Bombay-1.
45	Shri Engineer, M.T., B.A., B.E. (Civil).	79, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay-1.
46	Shri Engineer, Rustam K., B.A., B.E. (Civil), F.I.I.A.	C/o Dhunjishaw Bhedwar & Co., Behramji Mansion, Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

I	2	3
47	Shri Gajjar, B.G., A.I.A.A., A.I.I.A., Dip. Arch.	Lal Bhuwan, Relief Road, Ahmedabad.
48	Shri Gandhi, C.H., B.Sc. (Eng.), A.M.I.E., M.I. Struct. E.	Mehta Building, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay. ■
49	Shri Gobhai, N.M., L.C.E., M.I.E.	C/o K.P. Davar & Co., Churchgate House, 32-34, Veer Nariman Road, Fort, Bombay. ■
50	Shri Goghari, N.W., B.E.(Civil), A.M.I. (Ind.), M.R.S.H. (Lond.).	Mani Bhuvan, Junnagadh Road, Verava (Saurashtra).
51	Shri Gupte, M.G., A.R.I.B.A., A.I.I.A.	Yusuf Building, 49, Vir Nariman Road Fort, Bombay.
52	Shri Harsora, D.D., G.D. Arch., F.I.I.A.	C/o Abdulla Peermohmed, Sardar Mansion, 22, Appollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
53	Shri Hingorany, R.J., B.E., A.M.I.E.	R.J. Hingorany & Co., First Floor, Mohar House, 15, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.
54	Shri Joshi, A.K., B.E. (Civil).	The B.M.S.S. Ltd., Fort Shreepur, Distt. Sholapur.
55	Shri Junnarkar, B.V., B.E., A.M.I.E.	C/o Junnarkar & Gupta, Yusuf Building, 49, Vir Nariman Road, Fort, Bombay.
56	Shri Joshi, S.B., B.E., M.I.E.	"Joshi Wadi" Manmala Tank Road, Mahim, Bombay-16.
57	Shri Kamtekar, G.A., B.A., B.Sc. (Bom.), B.Sc. (Edin), M.I.E. (India)	12A, Western India House, Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
58	Shri Katrak, H.N., B.E. (Civil)	Kamar Building, 4th Floor, 38, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.
59	Shri Katrak, K.N., L.C.E., M.I.E.	Cama House, No. 24, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
60	Shri Kapadia, P.P., O.B.E., J.P., F.R.I., B.A., B.E. (Civil), M.I.Struc.E., M.I.E., (India).	Ballard House, Jam Jamshed Office, 14, Mangalore Street, Fort, Bombay.
61	Shri Kale, C.G., C.I.E., B.A., B.Sc., B.E.	"Swagat" Bungalow, Poona-4.
62	Shri Khamsera, P.S., M.I.E., I.S.E. (Retd.).	"Kamalaya", Chaugan Road, Udaipur, Rajasthan.
63	Shri Kanhere, V.P., B.E., B.S.E.(Retd.)	Consulting Engineer, 129, Shukrawar Peth, Poona-2.
64	Shri Kini, S.M., B.Sc., B.E. M.I.E., M.Am. Soc., C.E.	C/o Shrinivas M. Kini & Co., 134, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
65	Shri Kotasthana, K.M., A.R.I.B.A., A.I.I.A.	55, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
66	Shri Kuvadia, N.C., B.E., A.M.I.E.	C/o N.C. Kuvadia, & Co., Khorshed Build- ing, 5th Floor, Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
67	Shri Kyum, Mohamadbhoy Abdool, B.Sc. (Engg.)	C/o M. Barma, & Co., "Examiner Building", 109, Meadows Street, Bombay.
68	Shri Lalaji Biharlal Ochhavilal, B.E. (Civil), A.M.I.E., M.R.S.H. (Eng.).	Balaji Road, Surat.
69	Shri Marathe, D.N., B.E. (Civil), A.M.I.E.	Surya Mahal, 5, Military Sq. Lane, Fort, Bombay.
70	Shri Mehta, R.T., V.E. (Civil)	C/o Dalal & Mehta, 41, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
71	Shri Mehendaley, R.G., B.E.	Gole Colony, Nasik
72	Shri Mhatre, Baburao D., G.D. Arch., F.I.I.A., A.I.I.A. & S.	Bombay Mutual Building, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Bombay-1.
73	Shri Merchant, Merwanji Nanabhoy, B.E., A.M.I.E., A.M.I. Struc. E.	Meldhora Blocks, East Street, Poona-1.

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74	Shri Merchant, V.H., A.M.S.E., A.M.I.E. T (Civil).	C/o V.H. Merchant & Co., 54, 3rd Bohiwada Bhuleshwar, Bombay-2.
75	Shri Merchant Yahya C., A.R.I.B.A., F.I.I.A.	Prospect Chambers, Annexure, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
76	Shri Motafram, Jamshed D., A.R.I.B.A., A.I.I.A.	Crescent Chambers, Tamarind lane, Fort, Bombay.
77	Shri Nadkarni, N.V., B.E.(Civil), B.Sc. (Bom), A.M.I.E.	Vithal Prasad, 290 Agarkar Road, Thalakwadi, Belgaum.
78	Shri Nadkarni, S.E., B.E., M.I.E., F.I.I.A. (Lond).	C/o Nadkarni & Co., Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay.
79	Shri Nadwana, Lakhaji Kalabhai, A.R.I. B.A., F.I.A.A.	People's Bank Building, Bhadra, Ahmedabad.
80	Shri Narwekar, S.J., F.R.I.B.A., F.I.I.A..	Crescent Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.
81	Shri Patell, Burjor Ardeshir, L.C.E.	C/o B.A. Patel & Co., Examiner Building 109, Meadows Street, Bombay.
82	Shri Patel, Chunibhai C., B.E. (Civil), L.S.G.D., A.M.I.E.	Near Relief Cinema, Relief Road, Ahmedabad.
83	Shri Peermahomed, Abdulla Bhanji, A.R.I.B.A. (Lond.).	C/o Abdulla Peermohomed & Co., Sardar Mansion, 22, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
84	Shri P.A.D., Avoine, F.R.I.B.A.	Gregson, Batley & King, Chartered Bank Building, Bombay.
85	Shri Patell, Khurshed Ardeshir, A.R.I.B.A.	Nausari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay-1.
86	Shri Parelkar, K.A., A.R.I.B.A., F.I.I.A.	Seksaria Chambers, 139, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
87	Shri Parelkar, S.H., F.R.I.B.A., F.I.I.A.	Meadows House, 39, Meadows Street, Bombay-1.
88	Shri Pandit, S.V., B.E.	C/o Pandit Bros., Shivalal Motilal Mansion, 14, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
89	Dr. Parekh, Jagannath Prabhudas, B.E. (Bom.), Ph.D.(Edin), A.M.I.E. (India), M.I.S.	Ali Chamber, Chamber No. 40, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
90	Shri Rege, S.B., B.A., B.E., M.I.E. (Ind)..	Saraswat Colony, 433/5, Somwar Peth, Poona-2.
91	Shri Ranade, S.N., B.E.	540, Shanwar Peth, Poona-2.
92	Shri Shah, C.J., B.E., M.I.E.	C/o Shah & Sanghavi, Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
93	Shri Sharma, B.S., B.Sc., C.E. (Hons.), A.M.I.E. (Ind.).	C/o Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona-1.
94	Shri Sanghavi, C.O., B.E., M.I.E.	C/o Shah & Sanghavi, Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
95	Shri Soparkar, G.B., F.R.I.C.S., L.C.E., M.I.E., M.T.P. Inst (Lond).	Summan Vihar, Laxminagar 8th Road, Khar, Bombay.
96	Shri Shroff, Jehangir, C., B.E., B.Sc., D.K.C., A.M.I.E.	Prospect Chambers, Annexe, Hornby, Road, Bombay.
97	Shri Sahasrabudhe, K.M., B.E., L.S.G.D	1904, Sadashiv Path, Natu Baug, Poona-2.
98	Shri Sanjana, N.P., B.Sc., B.E., A.M.I.E. (India), A.M.I.E. Struct. E. (Lond.).	Bhada Building, Procter Street, Grant Road, Bombay-7.
99	Shri Sane, R.D., C.D.Arch., F.I.I.A., A.V.I. (Lond).	Sane & Paymaster, Prospect Chambers, Annexe, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
100	Shri Tarapore, D.V., A.R.I.B.A., F.I.I.A.	Bhotawala Building, 7-10, Horniman Circle, Fort, Bombay.
101	Shri Taraporwala, K.B., L.R.I.B.A., A.M.I. Struct. E.	Do.

1	2	3
102	Shri Tellis C.S.J., B.A., BSc. (Eng.), Glasgow, A.M.I.Struct. E. (Lond.), A.M.I.C.E.(Lond.), M.I.E. (Ind.).	Villa Augusta, 3, Middle Road, Poona-1.
103	Shri Thacker, C.R., B.E. (Civil), B.M.I.E.	C/o Advani Chambers, Sir Phirozaha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
104	Shri Tulpule, H.K., B.E. (Civil), A.M.I.E. (India).	631/28, Sadashiv Peth, Poona.
105	Shri Vakil, J.N., B.E.(Civil), A.M.I.C.E., M.R.S.H. (Lond), M.I.E.(India).	Motibai House, 22-D, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.
106	Shri Vakil, M.M., B.Sc., B.I.E., A.M.I.E.	C/o Dalal and Mehta, 41, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
107	Shri Ahluwallia, Devi Chand, C.E., A.M.I. Struct. E.(Lond.), M.R.S.H.	1-B Sector 22-A., Chandigarh.
108	Shri Bhanwra, Bhulla Ram, A.M. Tech.I. (G. Br.).	C/o Associated Engg. Co., Simla.
109	Shri Kothari, Narendra Kuverji, F.I.I.A..	129, Sundar Nagar, New Delhi.
110	Shri Madho Prashad, M.I.St.E., F.R.S.A., F.I.S.A.	Bazar Moreganj, Saharanpur.
111	Shri Mathur, Ram Bchari Lal, B.Sc., C.E. (Hons.), M.I.E., M.R.S.H. (Lond.).	7/9, Ansari Road, Daryaganj, Delhi.
112	Shri Mehta, R.C., C.E., M.I.E.	52, Queensway, New Dlehi.
113	Shri Mahandru, T.R., F.I.A.A., F.I.A.S., M.A.M.SOS: C.E., M.I.E., A.C.G.I., F.I. ARB(Eng.).	14, Ajmeri Gate Extension, New Delhi.
114	Shri Prashar, D.R., B.Sc., Civil (U.S.A.) C.E., A.M.I.E.T. (Lond.).	11434, G.T. Road, Shakti Nagar, Delhi-6.
115	Shri Puranik, S.V., B.E., A.M.I.S.E., A.M.I.C.E. (Lond.).	Sram Prasad, 41, New Palasia, II-C Indore.
116	Shri Seengal, B.R., A.M.I.S.E. (Lond.)	98, Daryaganj, Delhi.
117	Shri Sharma, G.C., A.R.I.B.A., A.I.I.A., A.I.A.A. & S. (Lond.), DIP, ARCH., A.M.T. & C.P.A., P.M.I. Struct. E.	28/G-2 Con. Circus, New Delhi.
118	Shri Sahgal, H.R. B.Sc., A.M.I.E.	21, South Patel Nagar, New Delhi.
119	Shri Sharma, K.L. M.I. Struct. E. (London).	60, Darya Gani, Delhi.
120	Shri Siri Ram, M.I.E.	6/15, East Patel Nagar, New Delhi.
121	Shri Varma, R.K. C.E., A.M.I.E., M.I.S.E., M.R.S.H.	72-M Block, Con. Circus New Delhi.
122	Shri Chitamani, Gopala Rao Bindu Madhava Rao, B.E., A.M.I.E., A.M.H.E.A.	44, Gangadhareshwar Koil Street, Purasawal-kam, Madras-7.
123	Shri Chitale, Laxman Mehadeo, F.R.I.B.A., F.I.I.A., A.M.T.P.I., F.I.T.P.	"Oriental Buildings", Armenian St., G.T. Madras.
124	Shri Gangadharan, G.S., B.E., A.M.I.E.	6/48, Tarabad, Coimbatore.
125	Shri Narasimhan, V.M. B.A., B.E., M.I.E., M.R.S.H. (Lond.)	17, T.P. Gail St., Triplicane, Madras-5.
126	Shri Viswanath, V.C. B.E., M.I.S., A.M.I.E.	"Kumara Bhavan", 115, Kalingarayan St., Ramnagar, Coimbatore.
127	Shri Chitale, D.P., B.E. (Civil), A.M.I.E.	"Prabhar-A" Block No. 8, First Floor Tulsi Pipe Road, Bombay-28.
128	Shri Cassad, D.P.R., B.Sc., M.Sc., (Eng.) (Lond.), M.M.G.I., M.I.E.	Shirin Lodge, Byramji Town, Nagpur-2.
129	Shri Dangoria, Chandulal C., M.Sc., M.I.E. (Ind.)	Murshirabad Road, Hyderabad-20.
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132	Shri Dikshit, H.G., B.E. (Civil).	"Amod", Ramnagar, Nagpur.
133	Shri Lekendra Bahadur, B.Sc., M.I.E.	Red Hill, Hyderabad (Dn.)
134	Shri Pastakia, Rustom Hormusji, F.R.B.A. F.I.A.A.	Govt. Architect, Department of Works and Buildings, West Bengal, Writer's Buildings, Calcutta.
135	Shri Kothari, V.C., B.E. (Civil)	Shila Sadan, New Ramdaspath, Nagpur.
136	Shri Sant, P.V., B.E., A.M.I.E.	Manik-Jyoti, Jangli Maharaj Road, Poona-4
137	Shri Ghosh, C.P.	Executive Engineer (Planning), Office of the Director General of Work Kashmir House, New Delhi.
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3	Shri Basu, G., B.A., F.C.A., F.S.A.A., M.L.C.	6, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
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10	Shri Choudhuri, K.M. B.A., F.C.A.	12/1, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta-1.
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18	Shri Ghosh, P.K., B.Sc., F.C.A., F.S.A.A.	P-39, Prinsep Street, Calcutta-13.
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21	Shri Guha Roy, D.N., M.A., F.S.A.A., F.C.A.	2, Church Lane, Calcutta.
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28	Shri Mazumdar Satish-Ch, B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	17/2, Jhamapuker Lane, Calcutta-9.
29	Shri Master Nariman F., F.S.A.A., F.C.A.	1B, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta-1.
30	Shri Mazumdar, Upendrachandra, B.Sc., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Litumkhrah, Shillong.
31	Shri Mitter, S.K., M.A., F.C.A.	71-A, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.
32	Shri Mitra, S.N., B.Sc., B.Com., F.C.A., A.C.A.	Windsor House, P-14, Mission Row, Extension, Calcutta-1.
33	Shri Mookerjee, S.K., G.D.A., F.C.A.	12, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta-1.
34	Shri Mukherjee, A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	12, Dalhousie Sq., East., Calcutta.
35	Shri Narelwala Pesi M., F.S.A.A., A.C.A.	1-B, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta-1.
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37	Shri Peat, R.M., A.C.A.	B-4, Gillander House, Calcutta.
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43	Shri Roychoudhuri, S.K., B. Com., A.C.A.	244 B & C, Vivekananda Road, Calcutta-6.
44	Shri Rudra, A., B.Sc., B.L., G.D.A., F.C.A.	3, West Gunttee, Jalpaiguri (West Bengal).
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48	Shri Sengupta Sitala Charan, M.A., G.D.A., F.C.A., A.C.W.A.	10, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta-1.
49	Shri Viccajee Victor F., F.S.A.A., F.C.A.	1-B, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta-1.
50	Shri Abhyankar, G.S., B.A., LL.B., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Medows House, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay-1.
51	Shri Adarbad, R.N., F.C.A., F.A.C.C.A.	Grand Hotel Building 1st Floor, Mirzapur Road, Lal Darwaja Road, Ahmedabad.
52	Shri Adenwalla, Nariman, D., F.C.A.	418, Chotalal Bhuwan Kalbadevi Road, Fort, Bombay.
53	Shri Ailawadi Ram, Das, F.C.A.	8, Metropolitan Insurance House, 278, Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji Road, Bombay.
54	Shri Aiyar, Arjun K.S., B. Com., G.D.A., F.S.A.A., F.C.A., F.C.W.A.	49, Apollo Street, Bombay-1.
55	Amin Chandrakant Raojibhai, A.C.A.	255, Raopura Road, Baroda.
56	Shri Bhatt, Dinubhai, F.C.A.	65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay-1.
57	Shri Bhatt, Jyantilal, Lallubhai	Yusuf Building, 43, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.
58	Shri Bhavnagri, Ratanji N., F.C.A.	C/o M/s. S.B. Billimora & Co., 113, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.
59	Shri Billimoria Shapoorji B., F.C.A.	C/o M/s. S.B. Billimoria & Co., 113, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.

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60	Shri Birdy Bejon D., F.C.A.	National Insurance Building, 204, Dadabhoy Naoroji Road, Fort, Bombay.
61	Shri Chokshi Chinu Chimanlal, B. Com., F.C.A.	Mafat Lal House, Back Bay Reclamation, Bombay-1.
62	Dr. Cooper, Rustom C., M. Com., Ph.D. (Econ.), F.C.A., F.S.A.A.	Jahangir Wadia Bldg., 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.
63	Shri Dalal, R.K., B. Com., F.S.A.A., F.C.A.	49-55, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
64	Shri Desai, D.S., F.C.A.	Round Building, 2nd Floor, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
65	Shri Desai, Mahendra Jamiatram, B.A., LL.B., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Model Talkies Building, Gandhi Road, Ahmedabad.
66	Shri Desai, J.T., G.D.A., F.C.A., E.C.C.S.	Maherwan Building, Sir Ferozeshaw Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay-1.
67	Shri Desai Nanubhai, J., F.C.A.	Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
68	Shri Deshpande A.V., F.S.A.A., F.C.A.	Parijat, 95, Marine Drive, Bombay-2.
69	Shri Deshpande Vaman Hari, F.C.A.	National Insurance Building, 204, Dadabhoy Naoroji Road, Fort, Bombay.
70	Shri Doodhmal Rusi C., J.P., G.D.A., F.C.A., A.I.C.W.A., F.T.I.I. (Lond.)	2, Sycater House, Sycater Road, Bombay.
71	Shri Dungeer Ruttenshaw, D., G.D.A. F.C.A.	Jehangir Mansion, 3rd Floor, Next to Metro Cinema, 1st Marine Street, Bombay-1.
72	Shri Dotiwalla, J.M., F.C.A.	Jahangir Wadia Building, 3rd Floor, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.
73	Shri Gubbi, N.S., F.C.A.	Fort Chambers, 35 Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
74	Shri Hansoria Pestonji Cawasji, B. Com., F.C.A., F.S.A.A., F.I.C.W.A., J.P.	Jahangir Wadia Building, 3rd Floor, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.
75	S. Hanbater, F.R., F.C.A.	70-A, Stock Exchange Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay-1.
76	Shri Homi B. Dhondy, A.C.A.	113, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.
77	Shri Italia, H.P., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Patharia Palace, 75, Mohamedali Road, Bombay.
78	Shri Joshi, D.D., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Thaomal House, 1/5, Banaji Street, Fort, Bombay-1.
79	Shri Joshi, R.T., F.C.A.	Barve Building, Main Road, Nasik.
80	Shri Kshirsagar Kanoba S., F.C.A.	National Insurance Building, 204, Dadabhoy Naoroji Road, Fort, Bombay.
81	Shri Ketkar, C.L., F.C.A.	Laxmi Building, Sir P.M. Road, Fort, Bombay.
82	Shri Khanolkar D.R., F.C.A.	Bell & Co's building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta, Road, Fort, Bombay.
83	Shri Kolatkar, G.M., F.C.A.	East & West Building, 55, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay-1.
84	Shri Kumana Bhikaji Eklaji, B. Com., G.D.A., F.C.A., F.S.A.A.	23, Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
85	Shri Kumbhan' Hakimchand Panachand, B. Com., F.C.A.	India House, 1st Floor, Opp. G.P.O., Bombay-1.
86	Shri Lakhia C.R., F.C.A.	Model Talkies Building, Gandhi Road, Ahmedabad.
87	Shri Mandviwalla, N.R., F.C.A., F.S.A.A., F.F.C.S.	Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
88	Shri Mani, A.S., M.A., A.S.A.A. (Lond.), A.C.A.	No. 6, Bhagirathi Bhuvan, Gymkhana Road, Matunga, Bombay-19.

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90	Shri Mehta, H.N., B. Com., F.C.A.	Ali Chambers, Meadows Street, Bombay-1.
91	Shri Mehta, R.C., F.C.A., F.S.A.A.	Jariwala Building, Hughes Road, Bombay-7.
92	Shri Mody, N.R., F.C.A.	Allahabad Bank Buildings, Apollo Street, Bombay-1.
93	Shri Oka, G.M., G.D.A., F.C.A.	180, Budhwar Peth, Laxmi Road, Poona-2.
94	Shri Pardiwalla, B.N., B. Com., LL.B., F.C.A.	Maftalal House, Back Bay Reclamation, Bombay-1.
95	Shri Parikh, A.K., B. Com., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
96	Shri Parikh, S.R., F.C.A.	Podar Chambers, 109, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.
97	Shri Parmar Davchand H., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay-1.
98	Shri Patel, M.G., F.C.A.	Central Bank Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay-1.
99	Shri Shah Indulal, H., F.C.A.	418, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
100	Shri Shah Jayant, M., B.S., F.C.A.	Bombay Mutual Building, Relief Road, Ahmedabad-1.
101	Shri Shah Narandas, F.C.A.	Chhotalal Bhuvan, 418, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
102	Shri Thakkar Ambalal Sivilal, F.C.A.	East & West Building, 49, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
103	Shri Thakkar Jayantilal, K., B. Com., G.D.A., F.C.A.	111, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Opp. Rajaba Tower, Fort, Bombay-1.
104	Shri Vepari, Natvarlal, J., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Lalgate, Kampilli, Surat.
105	Shri Annadhanam K., F.C.A.	Tirath Ram Building, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi.
106	Shri Bahri, P.N., G.D.A., F.C.A.	15, Rajpur Road, Dehradun.
107	Shri Bhadani L.C., F.C.A., F.S.I.S., M.C.I.A. (Lond.)	Goga Gate, Bikaner.
108	Shri Bhalla, J.C., F.C.A.	Kashmere Gate, Delhi.
109	Shri Bhatia, A.S., B. Com., F.C.A.	B/6, Flat No. 1, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi-1
110	Shri Bhatia, Devraj, B. Com., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Lakshmi Insurance Building, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi-1.
111	Shri Bhaty Ishwar Singh, G.D.A., F.C.A.	Commercial Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Kanpur.
112	Shri Chandiok, J.C., B.A., A.C.A., F.C.A.	41-L, Connaught Circus, New Delhi.
113	Shri Chaturvedi, Bishamber Nath, B. Com., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Chaturvedi House, Kasturba Gandhi Road Kanpur.
114	Shri Deshpande, S.V., B.A., F.C.A.	67, North Tuko Ganj, Indore (G.P.O.)
115	Shri Gargieya Bhagwandas, F.C.A.	Gargieya Niwas, Bewar.
116	Shri Gupta, M.L., M.A., B. Com., F.C.A.	15/96, Civil Lines, Kanpur.
117	Shri Gupta, Sukh Nandan, B. Com., G.D.A., F.C.A.	C/o S.N. Gupta & Co., 'Sukh-Niketan' Mahatma Gandhi Road, Agra.
118	Shri Jaiswal, G.P., F.C.A., G.D.A.	90, Johnstonganj, Allahabad.
119	Shri Kapur, A.D., F.C.A.	Civil Lines, Jullundur City.
120	Shri Kapoor, Bhim Sen, F.C.A.	H-Block, Tropical Buildings, Connaught Circus, New Delhi-1.
121	Shri Kasbekar, S.M., F.C.A.	63, Bada Sarafa, Indore.
122	Shri Khanna, Vishan Datt, F.C.A.	"Shakunt Kunj", 2/3, Jhandewalan Extn., New Delhi.

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123	Shri Khosla, D.P., B.S., F.C.A.	Jawala Mansion, 4/2-B, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi.
124	Shri Malhotra, Khushal Chand, F.C.A.	1517, Kashmere Gate, Delhi.
125	Shri Mathur, Parmeshwar Dayal, F.C.A.	"Jagannath Building" (Behind State Bank of India), Chandni Chowk, Delhi.
126	Shri Marwaha, R.N., F.C.A.	4/80, Janpath, New Delhi.
127	Shri Mehrotra, H.R., G.D.A., F.C.A.	16/19-B, Civil Lines, Kanpur.
128	Shri Mohan, Bhola Narh, G.D.A., F.C.A.	Bisheshwar Nath Road, Opp. Jai Hind Talkies, Lucknow.
129	Shri Raghu Nath Rai, F.C.A.	F. Block, Connaught Place, Radial Road, No. 7, New Delhi.
130	Shri Sharma, D.D., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Bhagat Building, G.T. Road, Civil Lines, Jullundur City.
131	Shri Sodhbans, P.S., F.C.A.	Dilbar Building, D.B. Gupta Road, Paharganj, New Delhi.
132	Shri Tacknait, S.L., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	E.F. 213, Railway Road, Jullundur City.
133	Shri Talwar, Amritlal, G.D.A., F.C.A.	Westcott Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, P.O. Box 113, Kanpur.
134	Shri Tandon, Pyare Lal, A.S.A.A., F.C.A.	Westcott Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, P.O. Box 113, Kanpur.
135	Shri Vaish, S., B. Com., LL.B., G.D.A., F.C.A.	C/o S. Vaish & Co., 15/96, Civil Lines, Kanpur.
136	Shri Vidyarthi Bishan Sahai, F.C.A.	Didwanadi, Laskkar, Gwalior.
137	Shri Aiyer, K. Venkatachalam, A.C.A.	"Sriniketan", Chettikulangara, P. B. No. 12, Trivandrum-1.
138	Shri Baria, Kaikhushru, B.E., F.C.A.	Bashir Bagh Road, Hyderabad (Dn.)
	Edge, P.M., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Kodialbail P.O. Mangalore-3.
140	Shri Iyer, G.S. Ramachandra, G.D.A., F.C.A.	Kalpathi-Palghat.
141	Shri Jagannathan, M.S., G.D.A., F.C.A.	P.B. No. 729, Rathnasabapuri puram, Coimbatore-2.
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143	Shri Dandekar, G.M., B.A., F.S.A.A., F.C.A.	16, Moore Street, Madras-1.
144	Shri Kannappan, K., F.C.A.	Barrow House, 12, McLean Street, Madras-1.
145	Shri Menon, T.K., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Chalapuram, Calicut-2.
146	Shri Meenakshisundaram, T.C., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	161, Mount Road, Madras-2.
147	Shri Purushottam, B., F.C.A.	2/19, Armenian Street, Madras.
148	Shri Ramachandrarao, K., F.C.A.	Rajamundry.
149	Shri Rao Umanth, A., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Kodialbail, Mangalore-3.
150	Shri Sankaran, N., G.D.A., F.C.A.	"Kamalakam", 60/31, Edward Elliot Road, Mylapore, Madras-4.
151	Shri Sarovar, D.V., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Bellary.
152	Shri Sivaramakrishnan, C.S., G.D.A., F. C. A.	Old Kalpathy-Palghat.
153	Shri Subbaraman, S., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	National Insurance Building, Esplanade, Madras.
154	Shri Subramanyam, N.V., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	55, Second Agraharam, Post Box 51, Salem-1
155	Shri Thomas, O., B. Com., A.C.A.	Kottayam, Kerala

(1)	(2)	(3)
156	Shri Varma Kerala, G.D.A., M.A., F.C.A.	C/o Varma and Varma, College Road, Trichur.
157	Shri Venkata Das T., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	Savitree Sadan, Satyanarayanapuram, Vijayavada-2.
158	Shri Venkataraman S., B.A., F. C. A.	Banadurai Sannathi Street, Kumbakonam.
159	Shri Venkatesan R., F. C. A.	Barrow House, 12 Mc Lean Street Madras-1.
160	Shri Visvanathan, E.D., B.A., G.D.A., F.C.A.	16, Moore Street, Madras-1.
161	Shri Bodhankar, V.M., F.C.A.	214, Dharampath, West High Court Road, Nagpur.
162	Shri Chaluvaiya, A. N., B.Com., F.C.A.	No. 9, First Floor City Market Buildings, Bangalore-2.
163	Shri Iyengar, M.K. Sampath, B.A., A.C.A.	2457, VII Cross Road, Malleswaram, Bangalore, Mysore State.
164	Shri Iyer Natarajan, A.S.A., F.C.A.	C/o. M/s. Natraja Iyer & Co., Post Box No. 157, Abid Road, Hyderabad-(A.P.)
165	Shri Jagdisan, U.P., F.C.A.	C/o. M/s. Natraja Iyer and Co., Post Box No. 157, Abid Road, Hyderabad-(A.P.)
166	Shri Mandre, S.R., M.A., B. Com., F.C.A., F.S.A.A.	97, Gandhi Nagar, Bangalore-9.
167	Shri Raja Ram, K., F.C.A.	King Kothi Road, Hyderabad.
168	Shri Rao, P. Ramachandra, G.D.A., F.C.A.	Rastrapathi Road, Secunderabad.
169	Shri Rao P. Venkata, G.D.A., F.C.A.	C/o. Rao and Co., Rajahmahendravaram, Sitampet, Andhra Pradesh.
170	Shri Srikantiah H.V., B.A., LL.B., B. Com., A.C.A.	2647, Vani Vilas Mohalla, P.O. Mysore-2.
171	Shri Demetrius St. John, F.C.A.	Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta-1.
172	Shri Agashivala, J.V., F.C.A.	C/o. Dalal, Desai & Kumana, Chartered Accountants, Mherwan Building, Sir Phirosha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay-1.
173	Shri Dubash, M.D.	C/o. M/s. S. B. Billimoria & Co., 113 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.
174	Shri Mehra Pirthi Raj, G.D.A. F.C.A.	C/o. P. R. Mehra & Co., Chartered Accountants, 56, Daryaganj, Delhi.
175	Shri Desai, V.M., F.C.A.	16, Moore Street, Madras-1.
176	Shri Ramachandran, D.	C/o. Suri & Co., Chartered Accountants, Post Box No. 2442, 1/29, Mount Road, Madras-1.
177	Shri Sastri, C.S.	C/o. Sastri & Shah, Chartered Accountants, 15, Armenian Street, Madras-1.
178	Shri Suryanarayan, S.	C/o. Suri & Co., Chartered Accountants, Post Box No. 2442, 1/29 Mount Road, Madras-2.
179	Shri Venkataraman, S.	C/o. Suri & Co., Chartered Accountants, Post Box No. 2442, 1/29, Mount Road Madras-2.
180	Shri Gupta, R.C., F.C.A., B. Com.	Pacci Dhaki, Jammu, Srinagar.

III. Specialists in Agriculture and Farm Valuation

1. Shri Naidu, A. Gopalakrishnaiah, L. Ag., Assoc. I.D.I., M.N.S.A.B. (Ohio) Venkatagiri Town, Nellore Dist., Andhra Pradesh.
2. Shri Ramaswami, K., B. Sc. (Ag.) Imperial Road, Cuddalore Old Town.
3. Shri Venkata Raman, S. 4/1603, Bachanna Lane, Tanjore.

(1)	(2)	(3)
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IV—Jewellers

- | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | M/s. Nanubhai, Jewellers | 115, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay. |
| 2 | M/s. Manilal Chimanlal & Co. . . . | 188, Shroff Bazar, Bombay-2. |
| 3 | M/s. Satramdas Dhalamal | Queen's Mansions, 12-J, Part Street, Calcutta-16. |
| 4 | M/s. Chimanlal Manchand & Co. . . . | New Queens Road, Bombay. |
| 5 | M/s. Hemchand Mohanlal & Co. . . . | 20, Dhanji Street, Bombay-3. |
| 6 | M/s. S. Muthuswamy Chettiar & Sons. | 125-A, South Avani Moola Street, Madurai. |

V—Works of Art

- | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Shri Hebbar, K.K. | 81, A, Cadell Road, Bombay. |
| 2 | Shri Raval, R. M. | Chitrakoot, 44, B, Mitra Mandal Society Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad-6. |
| 3 | Shri Vijaivergiya, Ram Gopal. . . . | Vijaiwargiya's Art Gallery Swai Mansingh Highway, Jaipur. |
| 4 | Shri Govindraj V. D. | 23, Kalava Chetty Street, Chintadripet, Madras-2. |
| 5 | Shri Venkatachalam, G. | 6, St. John's Road, Bangalore. . . |

VI—Actuaries

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| 1 | Shri Ghosh, Tejomaya, M.S.C., F.I.A. (Lond.) | 18-A, Lansdowne Terrace, Calcutta-26. |
| 2 | Shri Datta, H. M. Sc., B.L., F.I.A (Lond.) | Zonal Actuary, Life Insurance Corporation of India, Lakshmi Building, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi-1. |
| 3 | Shri Ghose, P. K., M. Sc., F.I.A. . . . | National Insurance Co., Ltd. 7, Council House Street, Calcutta-1. |
| 4 | Shri Pandit, K.A., B.Sc., F.I.A. (Lond.) | Churchgate House, Veer Nariman Road, Fort, Bombay. |

[No. 22/F. No. 5/5/60-E.D.]

M. B. PALEKAR, Dy. Secy.

THE MYSORE CENTRAL EXCISE COLLECTORATE, BANGALORE

CENTRAL EXCISE

Bangalore, the 31st July 1960

S.O. 2034.—In pursuance of Rule 5 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, I hereby empower the Assistant Collectors of Central Excise to exercise within their respective jurisdiction the powers of 'Collector' under sub-rules (2) and (3) of Rule 9-B of the said rules.

(Issued from file C. No. IV/16/342/60 B. 1.).

[No. 11/60.].

A. R. SHANMUGAM, Collector.

OFFICE OF THE ASSTT. COLLECTOR OF CENTRAL EXCISE,
GOA FRONTIER DIVISION, BELGAUM

NOTICE

Belgaum, the 10th August 1960

S.O. 2035.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the under-mentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were about to be exported by land from India to Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

Serial No.	Date and place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods.	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2-6-1960 between Nachakbagh & Hippali	C.I.D. Police—Majali Naka.	Silver & Silverware—		Section 5(i) of L.C. Act, 1924 & Govt. of India, Ministry of Commerce & Industry Export Control Order No. 1 of 1-5-58 and deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of Sea Customs Act-1878.
			(1) Silver Round cases 'Kumkum' Peacock on the top decorated with red, yellow & green colours.		
			Big size	6	
			Small size	12	
			(2) Silver flat cases, Mango shaped for 'Kumkum' with peacock on the top decorated with red, yellow & green colours.		
			Big size	6	
			Small size	6	
			(3) Silver flat cases 'Kilavar' peacock on top decorated	7	
			(4) Silver Kilavari cases, peacock on top decorated with red, yellow & green. colours	12	
			(5) Silver cases for 'Kumkum' with colour green, red and yellow peacock shaped	6	
			(6) Silver cases for 'Kumkum' sizes Big.	6	
			„ Medium	8	
			„ Small	4	
			(7) Silver cases for Agarbathies.	16	
			(8) Silver cases for 'Kumkum' sizes Big.	4	
			„ Small	2	
			(9) Silver 'Gilgitti' Toys Asstd. sizes	19	
			(10) Silver 'Chipattas' Spoons for arathi	4	
			(11) Silver agarbathi stands Khuja shape	2	
			(12) Silver small bells.	2	
			(13) Silver image of 'Shree Ganesh'	6	
			(14) Silver image of Cow	1	
			(15) Silver Glasses Assorted sized 1 shape	11	
			(16) Silver 'Rose water' sprinkler Asstd. size	2	

(17)	Silver images of Elephant.	1
	Silver images of Lion	1
(18)	Silver Photo frames assorted sizes & photos	6
(19)	Silver scent cases assorted sizes	8
(20)	Silver 'Nilanjanas' for arathi.	6
(21)	Silver plates.. . . .	2
(22)	Silver Chains for Ankles Pairs.	6
(23)	Silver chains for waist 'Ghagar Pati' with small mango shape hanging	6
(24)	Silver chains for waist assorted sizes	40
(25)	One plastic hand bag (used as container for the above articles)	1

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise, and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum, why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-160/60.]

E. R. SRIKANTIA, Asstt. Collector.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY

ORDER

New Delhi, the 16th August 1960

S.O. 2036/IDRA/6/16.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (65 of 1951), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Keshab Mahindra to be a member of the Development Council established by the order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry S.O. No. 758 dated the 4th April, 1959, for the scheduled industries engaged in the manufacture or production of Automobiles, Ancillary Industries and Transport Vehicle Industries till the 3rd April, 1961, and directs that the following amendment shall be made in the said Order, namely:—

In paragraph 1 of the said Order under the category of member "being persons who in the opinion of the Central Government are capable of representing interests of owners of industrial undertakings in the said scheduled industries" after entry No. 9F relating to Shri K. V. Srinivasan, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"9G. Shri Keshab Mahindra, Mahindra and Mahindra Ltd., Gateway Building, Apollo Bunder, Bombay-1.

[No. 4(17)IA(IV)/59.]

D. HEJMADI, Dy. Secy.

(Indian Standards Institution)

New Delhi, the 10th August 1960

S.O. 2037.—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 4 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Rules, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Standard Mark, design of which together with the verbal description of the design and the title of the relevant Indian Standard is given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has been specified.

This Standard Mark, for the purpose of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act, 1952 and the rules and regulations framed thereunder, shall come into force with effect from 1st September, 1960.

THE SCHEDULE

Design of the Standard Mark	No. and title of relevant Indian Standard	Verbal description of the design of the Standard Mark
(1)	(2)	(3)
IS : 625	IS : 625-1955 Specification for Bicycle Handle Bars	The monogram of the Indian Standards Institution, consisting of letters ISI, drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in column (1), the number designation of the Indian Standard being superscribed on the top side of the monogram as indicated in the design.



S.O. 2038.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (3) of regulation 7 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the marking fee per unit for Tubes for Bicycle Handle Bar, details of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has been determined and the fee shall come into force with effect from 1st September, 1960.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Product/Class of Product	No. and Title of Relevant Indian Standard	Unit	Marking Fee per Unit
1.	Tubes for Bicycle Handle Bar.	IS: 625-1955 Specification for Bicycle Handle Bars.	One ton.	Rs. 3.00, with a minimum of Rs. 1,000 for production during a calendar year.

[No. MD/18:2.]

New Delhi, the 11th August 1960

S.O. 2039.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 8 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that three licences, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been granted authorizing the licensees to use the Standard Mark.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. Licence No. No. and Date	Period of Validity		Name and Address of the Licensee	Article/Process covered by the Licence	Relevant Indian Standard
	From	To			
1. CM/L-208 29-7-1960	15-8-1960	14-8-1961	M/s. Bengal Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works Limited, 6 Ganesh Chunder Avenue, Calcutta.	Naphthalene	IS: 539-1955 Specification for Naphthalene
2. CM/L-209 29-7-1960	15-8-1960	14-8-1961	M/s. Thaker Engineering Corporation Fort Road, Cannanore, Kerala State.	Three-phase Induction Motors from 1 HP. to 5 H.P.	IS: 325-1959 Specification for Three-phase Induction Motors (Revised)
3. CM/L-210 29-7-1960	1-9-1960	31-8-1961	Amritlal Harjivandas and Co., 156D, Shroffwadi, Mount Road, Mazagaon, Bombay-10.	Bare Annealed Copper Wire	IS: 396-1953 Specification for Bare Annealed High Conductivity Copper Wire for Electrical Machinery and Apparatus (<i>Tentative</i>)

[No. MD/12:461.]

New Delhi, the 12th August 1960

S. O. 2040.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 8 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that two licences, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been renewed.

THE SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Licence No. and Date	Period of Validity		Name and Address of the Licensee	Article/Process covered by the Licence	Relevant Indian Standard
		From	To			
1	CM/L-95 4-8-1958	15-8-1960	14-8-1961	The National Electrical Industries Ltd., Industrial Estate, Lalbaug, Bombay-12.	Threephase Induction Motors for Industrial Use, from 1 H.P. to 10 H.P.	IS: 325-1956 Specification for Threephase Induction Motors for Industrial Use (<i>Amended</i>)
2	CM/L-136 3-8-1959	17-8-1960	16-8-1961	M/s. Liberty Chemical Works, Nagardas Road, Mogra West, Andheri (East), Bombay.	Sodium Thiosulphate, Photographic Grade.	IS: 246-1957 Specification for Sodium Thiosulphate (<i>Revised</i>)

[No. MD/12:203.]

C. N. MODAWAL,
Deputy Director (Marks).

MINISTRY OF STEEL, MINES & FUEL

(Department of Mines & Fuel)

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 9th August 1960

S.O. 2041.—In the schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel (Department of Mines and Fuel) S.O. 1927 dated the 28th July, 1960, published in Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (ii) of the Gazette of India dated the 6th August, 1960, under the heading "Boundary description" for "GH line passes along the common Boundary of villages Swardih and Parghabad" substitute "GHI line passes along the common Boundary of villages Swardih, Pathardih and Parghabad".

[No. C2-20(6)/60.]

B. ROY, Under Secy.

(Department of Iron & Steel)

New Delhi, the 16th August 1960

S.O. 2042.—Ess. Comm./IRON AND STEEL-2(c)/AM(70).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (c) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Control) Order, 1956, the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made to the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel, No. S.R.O. 2041/ESS. COMM/IRON AND STEEL-2(c), dated the 11th June, 1957, as amended from time to time, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, in columns 2 and 3 thereof, against 'BIHAR', the following entry shall be added, namely:—

2	3
"9. All Officers of the Bihar Civil Service (Executive Branch) exercising first class magisterial powers and all District Industries Officers in the Bihar State.	28(b) "

[No. S.C.(A)-1(3)/59.]

M. C. MISRA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 12th August 1960

S.O. 2043.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following amendments in the General Central Services Class III and Class IV posts (Central Mechanised Farm, Suratgarh) Recruitment Rules, 1960, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food & Agriculture (Department of Agriculture) No. S.O. 1866 dated the 19th July, 1960 namely:—

1. These rules may be called the General Central Services Class III and Class IV posts (Central Mechanised Farm, Suratgarh) Recruitment (Amendment) Rules, 1960.

2. In the Schedule to the General Central Services Class III and Class IV posts (Central Mechanised Farm, Suratgarh) Recruitment Rules, 1960, against item No. 3.

relating to "Upper Division Clerk", the following amendments shall be made namely:—

- (i) In Column 5, the existing entry shall be deleted,
- (ii) in Column 6, for the figures '50' the figures '100' shall be substituted,
- (iii) in Columns 9, 10 and 12, for the existing entries, the words 'Not applicable' shall be substituted.

[No. 8-38/60-FR. 2063.]

K. A. ANSARI, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi-2, the 3rd July 1960

S.O. 2044.—The Government of Assam having, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (e) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954 (37 of 1954), re-nominated Shri P. K. Das, Public Analyst to be a member representing that Government on the Central Committee for Food Standards, the Central Government in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said section 3, hereby directs that the said Shri P. K. Das shall be a member on the said Central Committee for Food Standards.

[No. F. 14-45/60-PH.].

T. V. ANANTANARAYANAN, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 12th August 1960

S.O. 2045.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 the Central Government hereby makes the following amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Health No. F.7-23/59-D, dated the 21st December, 1959 namely:—

1. In the said notification:

for the heading "IV Ex-officio members under clauses (d), (e) and (f)", the heading "IV. Ex-officio members under clauses (d), (dd), (e) and (f)" shall be substituted; and under that heading, after entry 3, the following entry shall be inserted namely:—

"4. Drugs Controller (India) New Delhi.";

2. under the heading "V Elected by the State Pharmacy Councils under clause (g)", after entry 8, the following entry shall be inserted namely:—

"(9) Shri I. Ramabhadran, B.Sc., M. Pharm., Lecturer in Pharmaceutics, Maharaja's College, Ernakulam. (Kerala)";

3. under the heading "VI. Members nominated by State Governments under clause (h)", after entry 10, the following entry shall be inserted namely:—

"(11) Shri N. Chandrasekharan Nair, Drugs Controller for the State of Kerala, Trivandrum, (Kerala)".

[No. F. 7-23/59-D.]

S.O. 2046.—The Assam State Pharmacy Council having elected in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (g) of section 3 of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 (8 of 1948), Shri J. N. Barbora, B. Pharm., Assistant Drugs Controller, Assam as a member representing it in the Pharmacy Council of India, the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of

India in the Ministry of Health No. F. 7-23/59-D, dated the 21st December, 1959, namely:—

In the said notification under the heading "V. Elected by the State Pharmacy Councils under clause (g)", after entry "7" the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"8. Shri J. N. Barbora, B. Pharm., Assistant Drugs Controller, Assam, Shillong."

[No. F. 7-23/59-D.]

M. K. KUTTY, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

(Departments of Communications and Civil Aviation)

(P. & T. Board)

New Delhi, the 28th July 1960

S.O. 2047.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 21 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (6 of 1898), the Central Government hereby make the following amendments in the Indian Post Office Rules, 1933, namely:—

In the said Rules,—

(i) Rule 9 shall be omitted.

(ii) For rule 39, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"39. Inflammable films, raw or manufactured celluloid shall be packed in a double receptacle. Such articles shall first be closed, in the case of films, in a hermetically sealed box of tin and, in the case of celluloid or articles made wholly or partly of celluloid, in a box of tin, cardboard or wood, the vacant space being completely filled to prevent any movement of the contents. This box shall then be wrapped completely all round with padding material in sufficient quantity and placed inside a wooden box, made of planks not less than 10 mm. (3/8 of an inch) thickness, the sides of which shall be dovetailed, the base and the lid being solidly screwed to the sides, any intervening space being completely filled with additional packing material so as to hold the inner receptacle tightly in position and to prevent any rattle. A white label bearing in heavy black characters the indication "Celluloid! keep away from fire and light" shall be affixed to the address-side of the parcel".

[No. 48/2/59-CI].

N. CHIDAMBARAM,

Director Postal Technical.

(Departments of Communications and Civil Aviation)

(P. & T. Board)

New Delhi, the 30th July 1960

S.O. 2048.—In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the Schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Communications (Posts and Telegraphs) No. S.R.O. 620 dated the 28th February, 1957, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification—

1. in Part II, under the heading 'Post Offices'—

(i) against the item "Postmaster in Higher and Lower selection grade; Ministerial staff in Higher and Lower selection grades"—

(a) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 3, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted;

- (b) after the entry "Presidency Postmaster" in column 5, the entry "Postmaster in the grade of Presidency Postmasters" shall be inserted;
- (ii) against the item "Postmaster on time scale; Town Inspector of Post Offices, Ministerial staff in clerical grades; Overseer; Overseer Postmen; Sorting Reader Postmen; Head Postman; Departmental Branch Postmaster; Despatch Rider"—
 - (a) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 2, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted;
 - (b) after the entry "Presidency Postmaster" in column 3, the entry "Postmaster in the grade of Presidency Postmasters" shall be inserted;
 - (c) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 3, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted;
 - (d) after the entry "Presidency Postmaster" in column 5, the entry "Postmaster in the grade of Presidency Postmasters" shall be inserted;
- (iii) against the item 'All other posts'—
 - (a) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 2, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted;
 - (b) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 3, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted;
 - (c) after the entry "Presidency Postmaster" in column 5, the entry "Postmaster in the grade of Presidency Postmasters" shall be inserted;
 - (d) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 5, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted;
- 2. In Part III, under the heading 'Post Offices'—against the item "All posts"
 - (a) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 2, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted;
 - (b) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 3, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted;
 - (c) after the entry "Presidency Postmaster" in column 5, the entry "Postmaster in the grade of Presidency Postmasters" shall be inserted;
 - (d) after the entry "Deputy Presidency Postmaster" in column 5, the entry "Deputy Postmaster in the Postmasters Service, Class II" shall be inserted.

[No. 44/10/60-DISC.]

N. K. NAIR,
Asstt. Director General (Sea).

MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER

ORDER

New Delhi, the 20th August 1960

S.O. 2049.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of Rule 133 of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1956, the Central Government hereby directs that the provisions of—

- (i) Rule 118 proviso (a),
- (ii) Rule 119 (1)(a), and
- (iii) Rule 123 (7)

of the said Rules shall be relaxed in respect of the use of the following apparatus in conjunction with one 2½ cu. yd., 3.3 K.V., Bucyrus Erie electric Shovel No. 107768—

- One isolating switch in the shovel—IGE. type FK 33, 5000 volts, 400 amps, link switch with fuses with No Volt protection.
- One 125 H.P., 3.3 K.V., Westinghouse, type C.S., Induction motor, Serial No. 2 S 12 B 7660.
- One 3 K.V.A., 3300/115 volts, lighting Transformer, Serial No. T.K.
- One length of 600 feet of type 321 C, size 91/0 018, 3.3 K.V., flexible trailing cable, with 3.3 K.V. Reyrolle field switch No. LSF322 with flit coupler.

in the quarries at Noamundi Iron Mines of Messrs Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., to the extent that (1) the transportable motor of the shovel may be used at 3.3 K.V., (2) the transformer and other associated equipments using energy at high voltage may not be fixed apparatus when installed on the transportable shovel moving from place to place, and (3) the length of the flexible cable with the transportable machine may not exceed 600 feet, and that the relaxation shall be subject to the following conditions:

- (a) The high voltage supply to the flexible cable should be provided with suitable earth-leakage protection.
- (b) The operators of the shovel should be duly trained and authorised.
- (c) The 125 H.P., 3.3 K.V., motor generating set should be worked and controlled by protective gear rated to the ratings of the motor.
- (d) The installation and wirings inside the shovel should comply with the relevant provisions of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1956, in particular Rules 115 to 117, 123 to 125 and 130.
- (e) The excavating machine should be only worked by authorised operators with due care so as to avert any danger arising out of any electrical defect and the insulation resistance of the high voltage circuit, including the driving motor and the lighting transformer should not be less than 10 megohms.
- (f) the flexible trailing cable for use with the excavating machine shall be worked and handled with due care so as to avert any danger arising out of its use and shall be connected to the electric supply system and the machine by properly constructed connector boxes.

Provided that the aforesaid relaxation shall be valid for such time as the said machine is in use in the mine and that due information shall be given to the Central Government through the Electrical Inspector of Mines as soon as the machine is taken out of the mine.

The relaxations allowed in respect of the shovel, mentioned above, *vide* Order No. EL-II-204(5) (S.R.O. No. 722), dated the 28th March, 1955, of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Irrigation & Power, published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3, dated the 2nd April, 1955, are hereby withdrawn.

[No. EL. III-3(19)/59.]

K. V. RAJAGOPALAN, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

New Delhi, the 8th August 1960

S.O. 2050.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule below in the Union territory of Delhi for a public purpose, being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires, the said evacuee properties.

THE SCHEDULE

S. No.	Particulars of evacuee property.	Name of the town and Locality in which the evacuee property is situated	Name of the evacuee.
1.	Plot No. 1. A 59' × 75' B 36' × 54' C 6' × 10'	Village Basai Darapure	Khameri, a Muslim Faqir
2.	VII/2985(old)/5099-5100(new)	Hauz Qazi, Delhi	Iqbal Putli.
3.	I/752(old)/1543-45 1547-1579½ (Common stair case)	Kashmeri Gate, Delhi.	Mohd. Ahmed Shafiquel Rehman Mohd. Ibrahim Sons of Haji Abdul Rehman.

[No. F.I.(1218)58/Comp.III/Prop. I]

New Delhi, the 10th August 1960

S.O. 2051.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed in the State of Punjab for a public purpose, being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires the evacuee properties specified in the said Schedule.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Particulars of evacuee Property.	Name of the Town, Locality, Village in which evacuee property is situated.	Name of evacuee.
1	2	3	4
1	Land Khasra No. 2951/941 1 Kl. 5 Mls.	Premgarh, Hoshiarpur.	Mohd. Akbar.
2	Land 2 Kls. 6 Mls. Khasra No. 2953/941, 2955/941, 943.	Do.	Ali Sher son of Ibrahim.
3	Land 12 Kls. 17 Mls. Khasra Nos. 744/745/746, 747.	Do.	Isharat Begum wife of Abdul Rehman.
4	Land 11 Kls. 19 Mls. Khasra No. 942.	Do.	Khera son of Imam Din.
5	Land 7 Kls. Khasra No. 1943/941	Do.	Ibrahim.
6	Land 10 Mls. Khasra No. 2952 (4 Mls.), 2954(6) Mls.	Do.	Ali Ahmed etc.
7	Land 7 Kls. Khasra No. 2947/941	Do.	Sukhman.
8	Land 7 Mls. Khasra No. 2950/941	Do.	Barkat Ali Ismail.
9	Land 8 Kls. 2 Mls. Khasra No. 993.	HARIANA.	Nihmat.
10	Land 2 Kls. 8 Mls. Khasra No. 1712/278, 43.	Do.	Noor Mohd. son of Hakam Shah.
11	Land 9 Kls. 6 Mls. Khasra No. 3917.	Do.	Ghauns Mohd.
12	Land 2 Kls. 14 Mls. Khasra No. 2650/2/2088, 4106/2649.	Do.	Aziz etc. son of Muak Shah.
13	Land 7 Kls. 8 Mls. Khasra No. 1378/1381.	Do.	Abdul Ahimid.

1	2	3	4
14	Land 10 Kls. 19 Mls. 1740/755, 1708/329, 1720/1645, 1745/ 793, 1747/822.	TANDA.	Ghulam Mohd.
15	4 Kls. 12 Mls.	Do.	Dasondhi etc.
16	Land 9 Kls. 3 Mls. Khasra No. 1744/793, 1738/1745, 1666/1366, 1746/832.	Do.	Ghulam Mohd.
17	Land 24 Kls. 11 Mls. Khasra No. 435/380, 700, 1292/912, 1235, 1101, 1519/203, 1730/36/1, 772, 638.	Do.	Abdul Majid.
18	Land 8 Kls. 15 Mls. Khasra No. 806.	Do.	Ghulam Mohd.
19	Land 7 Kls. 5 Mls. Khasra No. 964—966, 975, 985.	Do.	Do.
20	1 Kl. 1 Ml. Khasra No. 1599/502.	Do.	Noora.
21	Land 13 Kls. 12 Mls. Khasra No. 374.	Do.	Nathu
22	Land 12 Kls. Khasra No. 1673/ 1372.	Do.	Ghulam Mohd.
23	Land 2 Kls. 9 Mls. Khasra No. 1440/1442.	Do.	Faqir.
24	Land 10 Kls. 14 Mls. Khasra No. 1483/1406.	Do.	Jhonda.
25	Land 3 Kls. 12 Mls. Khasra No. 590.	Do.	Naib Bux.
26	Land 6 Kls. 0 Mls. Khasra No. 2259.	Do.	Mandoo.
27	Land 17 Kls. 12 Mls. Khasra No. 875, 697, 960, 976 Min. 696, 659 Mun.	GARHSHANKAR	Kalu Khan.
28	Land 7—14 Khasra No. 2526, 2527/2.	Do.	Mst. Hurmat.
29	Land 4 Kls. 7 Mls. Khasra No. 6790/4440.	Do.	Ghulam Mohd.
30	Land 5 Kls. 2 Mls. Khasra No. 3899.	Do.	Hamid Ullah.
31	Land 51 Kls. 18 Mls. Khasra No. 5350/3667, 3669.	Do.	Mubark Ali.
32	Land 1 Kl. 13 Mls. Khasra No. 416.	Do.	Mubark Ali.
33	Land 2 Kl. 0 Ml. Khasra No. 55/ 2.	Do.	Mst. Kaki.
34	Land 12 Kls. 4 Mls. Khasra No. 5327/3183.	Do.	Nehmat Khan.
35	Land 3 Mls. 7 Mls. Khasra No. 5326. 13/99.	Do.	Do.
36	Land Khasra No. 3172	Do.	Jum Khan.
37	Land 2 Kls. 18 Mls. Khasra No. 1218.	Do.	Mohd. Khan.
38	Land 1 Kl. 7 Mls. Khasra No. 1285.	Do.	Imanat Ali.
39	Land 14 Mls. Khasra. No. 1420.	Do.	Naurang Khan.
40	Land 1 Kl. 17 Mls. Khasra No. 281.	Do.	Do.
41	Land 1 Kl. 13 Mls. Khasra No. 281.	Do.	Nazir.
42	Land 3 Kls. 5 Mls. Khasra No. 635.	Do.	Kalu Khan.
43	Land 1 Kls. 13 Mls. Khasra No. 52.	Do.	Do.
44	Land 5 Kls. 3 Mls. Khasra No. 971.	Do.	Nihmat Khan.
45	Land 2 Kls. 9 Mls. Khasra No. 1490, 1491.	Do.	Khushji Mohd.

1	2	3	4
46	Land 1 Kl. 6 Mls. Khasra No. 1490.	GARHSHANKAR	Sher Mohd.
47	Land 16 Mls. Khasra No. 1341.	Do.	Sardu Khan.
48	Land 0 Kl. 13 Mls. Khasra No. 353.	Do.	Amanat Ali.
49	Land 0 Kl. 11 Mls. Khasra No. 1609.	Do.	Aman-ulla Khan.
50	Land 4 Kls. 2 Mls. Khasra No. 2784.	Do.	Umid Ali Khan.
51	Land 6 Kls. 19 Mls. Khasra No. 7327/2822.	Do.	Ghulam Gailani.
52	Land 5 Kls. 19 Mls. Khasra No. 2794.	Do.	Chajju Khan.
53	Land 6 Kls. 3 Mls. Khasra No. 1753.	Do.	Buta.
54	Land 6 Kls. 5 Mls. Khasra No. 1753.	Do.	Nazam Din.
55	Land 3 Kls. 14 Mls. Khasra No. 2821.	Do.	Fazal Mohd.
56	Land 1 Kl. 15 Mls. Khasra No. 2819.	Do.	Rahim Bux.
57	Land 2 Kls. 4 Mls. Khasra No. 2829/6237/2830, 2831.	Do.	Babu Khan.
58	Land 2 Kls. 6 Mls. Khasra No. 5239/2857, 2856, 2869.	Do.	Babu Khan.
59	Land 11 Mls. Khasra No. 2789.	Do.	Chajju Khan.
60	Land 3 Kls. 15 Mls. Khasra No. 2944.	Do.	Abdul Satar Khan.
61	Land 4 Kls. 4 Mls. Khasra No. 1771/1769.	Do.	Arshad Mohd.
62	Land 3 Kls. 4 Mls. Khasra No. 6155/1770/1774.	Do.	Khushi Mohd.
63	Land 3 Kls. 8 Mls. Khasra No. 1574.	Do.	Rahim.
64	Land 5 Kls. 13 Mls. Khasra No. 1573.	Do.	Atta Mohd.
65	Land 14 Kls. Khasra No. 3334.	Do.	Pir Bux.
66	House bounded as:—North : House of Alf Khan. South : Mohd. Ali. East Thoroughfare. West: plot of Dost Mohd.	URMAR	Fazal Din Mehar Din son of Alla Ditta.
67	Agr. Land 12 Kls. 11 Mls. Khasra No. 551, 1586, 480, 1788, 185, 895, 1857, 1895, 1884.	Do.	Mst. Nur Bibi.
68	Agr. Land 18 Kls. 14 Mls. Khasra No. 316, 469.	Do.	Umar Khan, Amar Khan, Ashraf Khan.
69	Agr. Land 13 Kls. 2 Mls. Khasra No. 64, 65, 66.	DARAPUR	Ghulam Bibi.
70	Agr. Land 5 Kls. 4 Mls. Khasra No. 386, 387.	Do.	Fazal Din son of Maula.
71	Agr. Land 36 Kls. 16 Mls. Khasra No. 87/58/4, 87/58/3, 87/58/2, 59/58/2/87/56, 87/59/2, 87/2/1.	Do.	Daulat Bibi.
72	Land 3 Kls. 6 Mls. Khasra No. 820/402.	Do.	Maula Bux.
73	Land 9 Kls. 12 Mls. Khasra No. 810/52.	Do.	Fazal Din.
74	House bounded as below: North : House of Santokh Singh. South: —House and field of Dr. Nand Lal Allottee. East: Street. West: Field of Santokh Singh and Inder Jit Singh Allottee.	DASUYA	Mohd. Sadiq son of Mirza Lalal Ul-Din.

1	2	3	4
75	House bounded as below: North: Thoroughfare. South: Field of Sarain Singh and Narain Singh. East: Shop of Kewal Krishan. West: Factory of L. Jamna Dass.	DASUYA	Haji Ghulam Mohd.
76	Land 32 Kls. 8 Mls. Khasra No. 994/1637.	Do.	Faqiretc.
77	Land 6 Kls. 14 Mls. Khasra No. 3242 at Dasuya.	Do.	Ghulam Mohd.
78	Land 3 Kls. 4 Mls. Khasra No. 4150.	Do.	Gulab.
79	Land 4 Kls. 5 Mls. Khasra No. 326, 716, 2001.	Do.	Sondha.
80	Agr. Land 22 Kls. 10 Mls. Khasra No. 657, 1622/758.	MUKERIAN	Nawab.
81	Land 59 Kls. 12 Mls. Khasra No. 95, 114/184, 199.	Do.	Abdullah son of Jenda.
82	Agr. Land 17 Kls. 17 Mls. 1/6th of Khasra No. 13-339, 341.	Do.	Sadiq son of Kaka.

[No. 1 (1219) 58/Comp. III/Prop. I.]

KANWAR BAHADUR,
Settlement Commissioner and
Ex-Officio Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 11th August 1960

S.O. 2052.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (Act XXXI of 1950), the Central Government hereby appoints the Additional District Magistrate, Amritsar, as *ex-officio* Assistant Custodian of Evacuee Property for the purpose of discharging the duties assigned to the Custodian of Evacuee Property in respect of evacuee wakf properties under the said Act.

[No. 2(57)/57-Prop]

S. W. SHIVESHWARKAR, Jt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR & EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 19th July 1960

S.O. 2053.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi, in the industrial disputes between the employers in relation to the Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited, Delhi and their workmen and the New Bank of India Limited, New Delhi and their workmen.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, DELHI

PRESENT:

Shri E. Krishna Murti, Central Government Industrial Tribunal.

The 19th July 1960

I.D. No. 89 OF 1960.

BETWEEN

The employers in relation to the Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited, Delhi.

AND

Their workmen.

Shri R. P. Talwar—for the management.

Shri H. L. Parwana—for the workmen.

I.D. No. 124 of 1960

BETWEEN

The employers in relation to the New Bank of India Limited, New Delhi.

AND

Their workmen.

Shri N. C. Sikri—for the management.

Shri H. L. Parwana—for the workmen.

I.D. No. 89 of 1960

AWARD

By G.O. No. [10(133)/58-LRII], dated 21st March, 1960, the industrial dispute, between the employers in relation to the Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited, Delhi, and their workmen, has been referred to this Tribunal for adjudication under sections 10(1)(d) and 12(5) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

2. The term of reference is as follows:—

Whether consequent on the upgradation of the Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited from Class 'D' to Class 'C' with effect from the 1st January, 1956, under paragraph 64 of the award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes) constituted by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 35, dated the 5th January, 1955 (41 of 1955), the workmen of the Bank would be entitled to the payment of dearness allowance on the scale awarded to those Class C Banks which have been already directed to implement the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal and if so, from what date after the 30th September, 1958?

3. The contentions on behalf of the workmen are, that the Oriental Bank of Commerce was upgraded from Class D to Class C from 1st January, 1956, that consequent on upgradation of the Bank, the workmen are entitled to four increments in their basic pay drawn immediately before 1st January, 1956, that the Bank did not give the said increments in accordance with the terms of the Bank Award, that further, as a result of the upgradation to Class C, the Bank was bound to pay dearness allowance, as prescribed by the Labour Appellate Tribunal, that the Bank has not paid the same, and that the Bank should be directed to pay the dearness allowance, as prescribed for Class C banks by the Labour Appellate Tribunal, from the date of upgradation, and that it should also be directed to pay four increments to all employees from the date of upgradation.

4. The contention on behalf of the Bank is, that the claim for payment of enhanced dearness allowance as from 1st January, 1956, and for payment of four increments, is outside the scope of the present reference, that the reference is bad, that the question of payment of dearness allowance has been referred to a National Tribunal, that dearness allowance is being paid in accordance with the recommendations of the Bank Award Commission, that, as the provisions of the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision, in regard to payment of dearness allowance by C Class banks was modified by the recommendations of the Bank Award Commission, only the 8 banks, specifically mentioned, are to implement the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, that the other C class banks have to pay the dearness allowance only in accordance with the Government modified decision dated 24th August, 1954, in terms of which dearness allowance is payable in accordance with the scale fixed by the Sastry Tribunal, that it is not true, that this Bank has circumvented or not implemented the provisions of the Bank Award, that further, in view of the peculiar circumstances of the Bank, it is not bound to pay the dearness allowance, as claimed, and that the employees are not entitled to the reliefs claimed by them.

5. The issues that arise for determination, are:—

- (1) Whether this Tribunal has jurisdiction to proceed with the reference?
- (2) Whether the reference is valid
- (3) Whether the claims, as made by the workmen in the claim statement, are outside the scope of the reference
- (4) Whether consequent on the upgradation of the Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited from Class 'D' to Class 'C' with effect from the 1st January, 1956, under paragraph 64 of the award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank

Disputes) constituted by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 35, dated the 5th January, 1955 (41 of 1955), the workmen of the Bank would be entitled to the payment of dearness allowance on the scale awarded to those Class C Banks which have been already directed to implement the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, and, if so, from what date after the 30th September, 1958?

(5) To what relief, if any, are the employees of the Bank entitled?

I.D. No. 124 of 1960.

6. By G. O. No. [10(50)/60-LR11], dated 26th May, 1960, the industrial dispute, between the employers in relation to the New Bank of India Limited, New Delhi, and their workmen, has been referred to this Tribunal, for adjudication under sections 10(1)(d) and 12(5) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

7. The term of reference is as follows:—

Whether consequent on the upgradation of the New Bank of India Limited, from Class 'D' to Class 'C' with effect from the 1st January 1959, under paragraph 64 of the award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes) constituted by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 35, dated the 5th January, 1952, as modified in the manner referred to in section 3 of the Industrial Disputes (Banking Companies) Decision Act, 1955 (41 of 1955), the workmen of the Bank would be entitled to the payment of dearness allowance on the scale awarded to those Class C Banks which have been already directed to implement the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal and if so, from what date?

8. It is alleged in the statement of claim, that the New Bank of India Limited was a D Class Bank at the time of the Bank Award, that it was upgraded from Class D to Class C with effect from 1st January, 1959, that consequent on such upgradation, the Bank should have given four increments to its employees on and from 1st January, 1959, and also dearness allowance and other allowances, as prescribed for C Class banks, that the Bank, without any justification, did not pay to its employees the dearness allowance, as prescribed by the Labour Appellate Tribunal, which was up-held and improved upon by the Bank Award Commission, but, instead, enforced the Sastry Award, that, as a result of the upgradation, the employees of the Bank are entitled to re-fixation of their wages and dearness allowance in accordance with the directions of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, and that the Bank should be directed to pay dearness allowance to its employees, as prescribed for C Class banks by the Labour Appellate Tribunal, and also pay four increments to its employees from 1st January, 1959.

9. The contention on behalf of the Bank is, that the reference is illegal, as there is reference in respect to the same matter to a National Tribunal, that further the All India Bank Employees Association has urged, that the award, that is now relied upon by the employees, has ceased to be in force, that the employees of the Bank served a notice, terminating the Award, that the claim, which is based upon that Award, is infructuous, that, in any case, the claim for payment of increments is outside the scope of the present reference, that even on upgradation the Bank is not bound to pay the dearness allowance, as claimed by the employees, that the Bank is paying dearness allowance even after upgradation, according to the provisions of the Sastry Award, that the question of re-fixation of wages is not in dispute, that the bank, by way of showing grace to its employees, is paying some additional dearness allowance in addition to the dearness allowance prescribed by the Sastry Award, and that the said dearness allowance will be adjusted towards any additional amount of dearness allowance found payable by the Tribunal.

10. The issues, that arise for determination, are:—

- (1) Whether this Tribunal has jurisdiction to proceed with the reference?
- (2) Whether the reference is valid?
- (3) Whether the claims, as made by the workmen in the claim statement, are outside the scope of the reference?
- (4) Whether consequent on the upgradation of the New Bank of India Limited, from Class 'D' to Class 'C' with effect from the 1st January, 1959, under paragraph 64 of the award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes) constituted by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 35, dated

the 5th January, 1952, as modified in the manner referred to in Section 3 of the Industrial Disputes (Banking Companies) Decision Act, 1955 (41 of 1955), the workmen of the Bank would be entitled to the payment of dearness allowance on the scale awarded to those Class C Banks which have been already directed to implement the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, and, if so, from what date?

(5) To what relief, if any, are the employees of the Bank entitled?

11. Both these disputes have been tried together and the common documentary evidence has been marked in I.D. No. 89 of 1960. Both parties have dispensed with evidence.

Issue No. 3, in both I.D. Nos. 89 and 124 of 1960.

12. In I.D. No. 89 of 1960 the dispute is between the Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited, and their employees, and in I.D. No. 124 of 1960 it is between the New Bank of India Limited, and their employees.

13. It is common ground, that the Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited was originally a Class D bank, as understood in the Bank Award. It was upgraded to Class C, with effect from 1st January, 1956.

14. The New Bank of India Limited was also a D Class bank, and it was upgraded to Class C from 1st January, 1959.

15. The reference in both the disputes raises the question, whether, consequent on the upgradation of both the Banks, the employees would be entitled to payment of dearness allowance on the scale awarded to employees in C Class banks and if so, from what date. In the claim statements filed on behalf of the workmen in both the disputes, it is alleged, that, consequent on the upgradation of both the Banks, they became entitled to four increments in accordance with the provisions of the Bank Award, and that the Banks have not given the increments in accordance therewith. In the statement of claim in both cases, there is a prayer, that the Banks should be directed to pay four increments to all employees from the respective dates of their upgradation to the status of C Class Banks.

16. The objection has been rightly taken on behalf of both the Bank, that the said claim for recovery of four increments from the Banks in the case of all employees, is outside the scope of the reference. There is no mention at all in the item of reference in both the disputes, about the claim for recovery of four increments consequent on upgradation. The contention on behalf of the employees before me in both cases, that the said claim for recovery of four increments, is incidental to the item of reference about dearness allowance, is untenable, and cannot be accepted. The question of fixation of wages, as is now demanded, by grant of four increments is entirely different from the claim for payment of enhanced dearness allowance, as a result of the upgradation of the Banks from Class D to Class C. I find, that the claim on behalf of the workmen of both the Banks, for recovery of four increments from their employers, said to be payable on account of the upgradation of the Banks, and for fixation of wages on that basis, is outside the scope of the reference in both, the cases, and cannot be considered in these proceedings. This question is left open.

17. Again, in the statement of claim in I.D. No. 89 of 1960, relating to the Oriental Bank of Commerce, the workmen have claimed payment of dearness allowance at an enhanced rate, consequent on upgradation, from the date of the said upgradation of the Bank, i.e., 1st January, 1956. This also is outside the scope of the reference, because the reference expressly limits the claim to a date after 30th September, 1958. In the above circumstances, the claim by the workmen of the said Bank for recovery of dearness allowance from 1st January, 1956, and for the period earlier than 30th September, 1958, is outside the scope of the reference, and cannot be considered in this proceeding. I find as above on these issues.

Issues No. 1 and 2 in both I.D. Nos. 89 and 124 of 1960.

18. The objection has been raised that this Tribunal has no jurisdiction to proceed with the adjudication in both the references. The contention on behalf of both the Banks is, that the reference in both the cases is illegal and void, and that this Tribunal lacks jurisdiction to proceed in the matter.

19. Firstly, the objection is raised, that the question of payment of dearness allowance, covered under the present reference, has already been referred to a National Tribunal at Bombay, appointed as per notification No. S.O. 705 dated 21st March, 1960, and that, therefore, the two references in question must be deemed to have been quashed in terms of Section 10(6)(a) of the Industrial Disputes Act. It is also mentioned in Section 10(6)(b), that it shall not be lawful for the appropriate Government to refer the matter for adjudication before the National Tribunal, to any Labour Court, or Tribunal, for adjudication during the pendency of proceedings in relation to such matters before a National Tribunal. Ext. W/2 is the notification regarding the constitution of the National Tribunal, and the reference to it of the various items of reference mentioned therein. In the array of parties, the New Bank of India is No. 41 and the Oriental Bank of Commerce No. 43. In the said reference Schedule II contains the terms of references, and Item No. 3 is as follows:—

“Dearness allowance with particular reference to the question, whether any part of the existing dearness allowance should be absorbed in the basic pay”.

It is pointed out on behalf of the Banks, that the employees of both the Banks have appeared before the National Tribunal and are agitating their claims there. Ext. M/4 shows, that the New Bank of India Employees' Union adopted the statement of claim filed before the National Tribunal by the All India Bank Employees' Association. Ext. M/3 has been produced as containing extracts from the statement of claim filed by the employees of the New Bank of India through their Union before the National Tribunal. Ext. M/2 is the charter of demands dated 22nd April 1959 sent to the management of the New Bank of India by their employees. The contention before me by both the Banks is, that the question of dearness allowance, which is raised here, is the subject-matter of adjudication before the National Tribunal, and that, therefore, the two references must be deemed to have been quashed. It is also contended that the appropriate Government had no jurisdiction to refer the same matter again to this Tribunal.

20. The reference in I.D. No. 89 of 1960 is dated 21st March 1960, and that in I.D. No. 124 of 1960, 26th May 1960. There is no gain saying the fact, that if the subject-matter of the two references now in question, is also the subject-matter of the reference before the National Tribunal, then the contention on behalf of the management is entitled to succeed. However, in my opinion, the two references in question are not in respect of the same subject-matter, as Item No. 3 of the reference before the National Tribunal. Before the National Tribunal, the question is about the revision of the existing dearness allowance, and more particularly the absorption of a portion thereof with pay. That is a general question regarding all Banks. What we are concerned with in these two references is, about the claim by the workmen for payment of the existing dearness allowance, as directed in the Sastry Award, and as modified by the Labour Appellate Tribunal. There is no question of determining the dearness allowance afresh. The question herein is about recovery of what has already been sanctioned under the provisions of the Bank Award. The subject-matter of the dispute in these two references is entirely different from the subject-matter of the item of reference relating to dearness allowance before the National Tribunal, and is more in the nature of implementation of the provisions of the Bank Award, as it exists at present. There is no question of the revision of the terms thereof in the present case, as is envisaged in the reference before the National Tribunal. The employees before the National Tribunal are really seeking improvement in their conditions of service better than those prescribed in the Bank Award, and are seeking to have better terms in regard to dearness allowance. In fact it should be noticed, that Item No. 17 of the Reference before the National Tribunal relates to the date from which effect is to be given to the new award, and also option, if any, to be given to the existing employees, to retain their present terms and conditions of service. It is obvious, that the employees are seeking before the National Tribunal betterment of their existing conditions of service i.e. better than those given to him under the existing Bank Award. In Ext M/3, which contains the extracts from the statement of claim, filed on behalf of the New Bank of India Employees Union, with reference to Item No. 17, it is mentioned that in no case should the existing rights and privileges of the employees be curtailed in any manner. Therefore, in the two references now in question the employees are seeking to enforce the existing conditions of service, as laid down in the existing Bank Award. They are not seeking to recover any dearness allowance, apart from the same, but are seeking to enforce the provisions of the said award, and no question of revision of the said dearness allowance arises in these references in the manner in which it does before the National Tribunal. However, it is pointed out, that in the

present references the word used is "dearness allowance", and that in Item No. 3 also the word used is "dearness allowance", and that on an interpretation of Item No. 3, it must be held, that the present references are quashed. This argument is not entitled to acceptance. It is relevant to refer to the observations of the Supreme Court in the State Bank of India and others Vs. Their workmen (1959 II LLJ 205). It is observed at page 212 as follows:—

"The various items in Sch. II of the relevant notification are not items in legislative lists, but are items in an administrative order, and it would not be right to apply the same canon of interpretation to the items in an administrative order as is applied to items in a legislative list."

The mere fact, of the use of the term "dearness allowance" is not conclusive of the matter and it does not mean, that the dispute in both the cases is the same, or that the subject-matter of the references is the same. It is necessary to find out the true scope of the reference. The dispute before the National Tribunal is of a general nature, regarding all Banks and for betterment of the existing conditions of service for all Bank employees, whereas the dispute in the present references relates to particular demand for payment of dearness allowance in a particular manner, for particular years, by particular employees of the two Banks in question, in enforcement of the existing rights secured to them under the Bank Award, as it exists at present. Therefore, in my opinion, Sections 10, 6A, and B have no application to the facts of this case, and the two references cannot be deemed to have been quashed in any manner.

21. In this connection, on behalf of the management, reliance has been placed upon the decision of the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, published in the Gazette of India dated May 21, 1960, page 1613, as supporting their contention. I am not able to follow the reasoning contained in that decision, and I am not able to agree with the correctness of that decision. I find, that the subject-matter of the two references is entirely different from the subject-matter of Item No. 3 of the Reference before the National Tribunal, that the two references in question cannot be deemed to be quashed in any manner, and that this Tribunal has jurisdiction to proceed with the same.

22. The second objection, that has been raised before me is, that even granting, that the workmen in question are seeking to enforce their rights which, are derived under the Bank Award, as it now exists, still the reference is illegal, because the said Bank Award is no longer in force. It is common ground, that against the Sastry Award there was an appeal to the Labour Appellate Tribunal. Afterwards, there was a modification by the Government in terms of the notification, Ext. M/I, dated 24th August 1954. There was also a Bank Award Commission, and certain modifications were introduced by the said Commission as can be seen from Chap. XI. Then we have the enactment, Industrial Disputes (Banking Companies) Decision Act, 1955 (Act 41 of 1955). The contention on behalf of the Banks is, that Section 4 of the said Act provides, that notwithstanding anything contained in the Industrial Disputes Act, or the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal) Act, the Award as modified by the decision of the Appellate Tribunal, as referred to in Section 3, shall remain in force until 31st March 1959, that by the reason of this enactment, the Bank Award is no longer in force, that, therefore, the employees have no right to enforce the provisions of the said Award, and that the reference in respect of both Banks in the matter of non-existent rights under a non-existent award is illegal. In other words, the contention before me is, that the Bank Award is no longer in force after 31st March 1959, and that, therefore, the workmen are not entitled to put forward the rights, which they now claim, on the basis of that Award. I am unable to up-hold this contention. The effect of Section 4 of the Act does not mean, that the Bank Award automatically has come to an end, and that its terms are unenforceable at present. That merely has the effect of enabling the employees or employers to seek revision of the terms thereof. In fact it is analogous to the termination of an award by employees or employers under the provisions of Section 19 of the Industrial Disputes Act. In Ext. M/2, it is mentioned in paragraph 6, that the life of the Award came to an end on 31st March 1959, and did not need a notice of termination, but that however for abundant caution notice of termination was given. In the above circumstances, the position now is, that it is open to both employees and the employers of the several Banks in the country to seek revision of the terms of the Bank Award. It is because the workmen are seeking improvement and betterment of their conditions of service in the matter of wages, etc. on the ground, that the Bank Award is out of date, that the National Tribunal has been constituted for going into the question, and for determining afresh the

terms and conditions. This does not however mean, that the Award, as it exists now at present, has become unenforceable, and that the workmen, and the employers are no longer bound by the provisions of the said Award. It cannot be said, that there is a kind of vacuum at present, and that each party is, therefore, thrown, on its own resources. In my opinion, the more reasonable way of understanding the implication of the provisions of Section 4 of Act 41 of 1955 is to hold, that the provisions of the Bank Award continue to be in force till a new award is passed, or till it is superseded, or modified by such a new award. In the decision of the State Bank of India, referred to above, it is observed at page 210 by the Supreme Court as follows:--

"This Act, in so far as it is revelant for our purpose, said in S. 3 thereof that the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal shall have effect as if the modifications recommended in Chap. XI of the report of the Commission dated 25 July 1955 had actually been made therein, and the appellate decision as so modified shall be the decision of the Appellate Tribunal within the meaning of the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal) Act, 1950, and the award shall have effect accordingly. It is clear that the Commission did not make any recommendation in respect of the bonus claim and the Industrial Disputes (Banking Companies) Decision Act, 1955, does not effect the present appeals; that Act merely gave effect to modifications recommended by the Commission, but did not give the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal any higher sanctity as a statutory enactment."

In this connection, it may also be noticed that the Central Government has issued a notification Ext. W/1 regarding modification of the rate of dearness allowance in certain eventualities. This also shows that the Bank Award still exists and continues to exist till it is set-aside or superseded or modified. There are continuing obligations under the Bank Award, and these are all enforceable till they are superseded, or modified by the award of the National Tribunal. In the above circumstances, the references as made in both the disputes, are not in respect of non-existent rights and under a non-existent award. They have been made with a view to enforce the terms of the Bank Award, and are not without jurisdiction, and are valid. I find on these issues that this Tribunal has jurisdiction to proceed with both the references, and enforce the terms of the Bank Award, as it exists now at present, and that the references are valid.

Issue No. 4 in both I.D. Nos. 89 and 124 of 1960

23. The question next is, whether the workmen are entitled to recover enhanced dearness allowance, as claimed by them in accordance with the provisions of the Bank Award, on account of the upgradation of both the Banks. As I have already indicated above, there is no dispute about the fact, that the Oriental Bank of Commerce was upgraded from Class D to Class C, with effect from 1st January 1956, and that the New Bank of India was upgraded similarly with effect from 1st January 1959. According to the case of the workmen, paragraph 55 of the Sastry Award relates to classification of banks. Paragraphs 64 and 65 of the said Award relate to the revision of the classification, and under this a bank may be downgraded, or upgraded. According to the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, the dearness allowance prescribed for C Class banks is as follows as in Paras 109, and 112:—

"CLERICAL STAFF

Dearness Allowance for A,B, and C Class Banks

MINIMUM		MAXIMUM	
Area I	Rs. 50/-	First slab of Rs. 100/-	50%
		Second slab of Rs. 100/-	40%
		Thereafter	35%
Area II	Rs. 45/-	First Slab of Rs. 100/-	45%
		Second Slab of Rs. 100/-	35%
		Thereafter	30%
Area III	Rs. 40/-	First Slab of Rs. 100/-	40%
		Second Slab of Rs. 100/-	30%
		Thereafter	25%

SUBORDINATE STAFF.

AREA I	AREA II	AREA III
Rs. 37/50 Np	Rs. 35/-	Rs. 32/50 Np"

There is a further provision for revision of dearness allowance according to the rise or fall in the Cost of Living Index. The contention of the workmen is, that the Banks have circumvented the provisions of the Bank Award, with a view to depriving the employees of their dues, and that the two Banks must be directed to pay the dearness allowance, payable by C Class Bank, in the manner laid down in the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision, and as extracted above in para. 23.

24. In their respective written statements, the Banks have admitted the allegations in the claim statement, that, under the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision, the dearness allowance prescribed for C Class Banks is as mentioned in the statement of claim, i.e. as set out above in para 23.

25. The contention however on behalf of the Banks is, that they are bound to pay dearness allowance only as follows:—

“FOR CLERICAL STAFF.

	RATE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
Area I	33%	Rs. 35/-	Rs. 70/-
Area II		Rs. 30/-	Rs. 60/-
Area II & IV.		Rs. 25/-	Rs. 40/-

FOR SUBORDINATE STAFF

AREA I	AREA II	AREA III
Rs. 15/-	Rs. 12/-	Rs. 10/-"

Their contention is, that the Government modified decision prescribed the same dearness allowance for Class C Banks, as was to be paid under the Sastry Award for such Class of Banks, and the dearness allowance payable is only as stated above in para 25. In other words, it is contended, that the provisions of the Award of the Labour Appellate Tribunal of India cannot be applied to the facts of this case.

26. According to the case of the Banks, after the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, and before it could be implemented, there was a demand from several banks, to set aside the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal. After a survey of the situation, the Central Government was of the opinion, that it was inexpedient to give effect to certain parts of the decision. Consequently, the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision was modified by order dated 24th August 1954. Ultimately, the Bank Award Commission was appointed, and the report of the Bank Award Commission was given in July, 1955. The contention on behalf of the Banks is, that Chap. XI contains the recommendations of the Bank Award Commission. Paragraph 1 of the said recommendations at page 175 is as follows:—

1. The Labour Appellate Tribunal decision should be restored in the case of the following banks subject to the modifications mentioned below in clauses 1(a) to 1(f). In view of Government's assurance in Parliament, this recommendation should have retrospective effect as from the 1st April 1954.

A Class.—All Banks—Indian and foreign.

B Class.—All banks except the Bank of Bikaner and the United Bank of India.

C Class.—(i) Bank of Behar (ii) Bank of Indore (iii) Bank of Jaipur (iv) Canara Industrial and Banking Syndicate (vii) Hind Bank (viii) Travancore Bank."

Paragraph 2 at page 177 is as follows:—

"2. As regard C Class banks other than those mentioned in clauses 1, 6 and 7, and D Class banks other than those in clause 7, the Government modified decision dated the 24th August 1954 should operate subject to the modifications mentioned in clauses 1(a), 1(b), 1(c) and 1(e). Displaced banks and banks incorporated in the Travancore-Cochin State excluding the Travancore Bank should likewise implement the Government modified decision subject to the aforesaid modifications.

(i) In the case of D Class banks, including displaced banks but excluding D class banks incorporated in the Travancore-Cochin State the provision made in the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision (paragraph 109) that as from the 1st April 1959 they should automatically step into the C class should be set aside, and in its place a provision added that the position of these banks as at the end of March 1959 will be examined afresh in order to arrive at a decision as to their promotion or otherwise to C class."

The contention on behalf of the Banks is, that the workmen are not entitled to invoke to their aid, the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal in regard to payment of dearness allowance fixed for C class Banks, that the said decision stands modified by the recommendations of the Bank Award Commission, that the two Banks now in question are not mentioned as being among the 8 banks classed as C class banks in paragraph 1, as set out above, and that, the two Banks in question are amongst the categories of other C class banks, and that, in accordance with the recommendations of the Bank Award Commission, the workmen are not entitled to be paid dearness allowance, as claimed by them, but only the dearness allowance in accordance with the Government modified decision, i.e. as appearing in the notification of 24th August 1954, i.e. as in para 25, and not as in para 23 herein. In my opinion, the above contention is not entitled to weight. The fact, that the two Banks now in question are not among the 8 banks referred to as C class banks in Chap. XI, is not material. The Oriental Bank of Commerce and the New Bank of India were not C class banks at all, but only D class Banks at the time of the Bank Award Commission. What we are now concerned with is, the question of payment of dearness allowance, as laid down by the Labour Appellate Tribunal, consequent on upgradation of the Banks from class D to class C. It is also pertinent to remember, the remarks of the Bank Award Commission in paragraph 273 at page 140. It is clear, that the Bank Award Commission was dealing with C class banks as then existing. The following observations at page 141 are important:—

"The effective number of banks which were examined by the Commission, therefore, were 23 in C class and 18 in D class. What is said below, therefore, applies to only these banks. Cases of remaining banks are mentioned elsewhere." In paragraph 276 the C class banks are divided into two groups, those which could implement the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision, and those which could not. The 8 banks mentioned in Chap. XI were classed as those which could implement the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision. The other C class banks, i.e. the remaining 15, were classed as banks, which could not implement the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision, as can be seen from para 280. In Paragraph 275 the Commission considered the possibility of dividing the class C banks, but this approach was given up and individual cases in C class banks were dealt with. It is, clear, that the above observations must be restricted only to the 23 banks, that were the subject-matter of consideration at the time the decision of the Bank Award Commission was given. They can have no application to the two Banks now in question, because we are now concerned with the liability of the Banks to pay enhanced dearness allowance, on account of their being upgraded to the status of C Class Banks. Moreover they were not C class banks at all at the time of the Bank Award Commission. They were only D class banks. They have since been upgraded, and the workmen are claiming dearness allowance, consequent on such upgradation. This question has not been decided in the Bank Award Commission, and it has got to be decided afresh in these references. Therefore, in my opinion, the contention on behalf of the Banks, based upon the Bank Award Commission, for resisting liability to pay the enhanced dearness allowance

is not well founded. The Banks are liable to pay the enhanced dearness allowance as laid down in the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision, consequent on their being up-graded to class C.

27. The objection is, however, raised, that the two Banks in question are displaced banks, and that, therefore, they are not bound to pay the dearness allowance, as laid down in the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision. Chap. XI, Paragraph 2, sub-section (i) of the Bank Award Commission, deals with the case of D class banks, including displaced banks. It was decided, that the provision made in the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision, paragraph 109, that as from 1st April 1959, they should automatically step into the C class, should be set aside, and that, in its place, a provision should be added, that the position of these Banks at the end of March, 59, will be examined afresh, in order to arrive at a decision as to their promotion or otherwise to C class. These two Banks, even though they were D class displaced banks, have been upgraded to C class, and there is no dispute about the same. There is no question of examining their position in regard to promotion to C class when they have been upgraded. If so, I fail to see how they are entitled to resist payment of the dearness allowance as prescribed by the Labour Appellate Tribunal, consequent on such upgradation. I am of opinion, that the claim of the employees, for payment of enhanced dearness allowance in accordance with the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, is well founded, and that the two Banks should pay the same, as a result of the upgradation to class C.

28. Moreover, at page 166 of the Bank Award Commission in paragraphs 313 & 314, there is reference to displaced banks. In paragraph 313 it is mentioned, that the Banks had conveyed through their Association their willingness to implement the provisions of the Sastry Award, as applicable to D class banks. In Paragraph 314 there is reference to re-assessment of the capacity of these banks to pay. At page 168, in Paragraph 315 it was recommended, that in respect of this class of banks, as in the case of D class banks, the position should be examined after 5 years from 1st April 1954, and the wage structure fixed, in the light of the result of such enquiry. It will, therefore, be seen, that, even at that time, the improvement of the position of D class banks, and, in consequence, the re-assessment of their capacity to pay was contemplated. Now on the facts of this case, when it is an admitted fact, that both the Banks have been upgraded to the position of C class banks, and when there is no dispute about the same, there is no force in the argument, that they are bound to pay dearness allowance only according to the scales fixed for the D class banks under the Sastry Award, and it must be rejected.

29. It is however, contended that according to the recommendations in Chap. XI, page 175, of the Bank Award Commission, the C class banks were divided into two classes, namely, (1) those which were held liable to pay according to the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, and (2) those which were not so bound to pay, and that the two Banks now in question are not in the first category, and that, therefore, they are not bound to pay according to the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision. This is an untenable argument. The two Banks now in question were not at all in C class at the time of the Bank Award Commission. They were only D class banks. In fact they were displaced banks, and I have already referred to the provisions for re-assessment of their position at the end of March, 1959, in order to arrive at the decision as to their promotion, or otherwise to C class. When they have now been promoted to C class, and when they are now in the position of C class banks, it is only reasonable to hold, that they are bound to pay dearness allowance according to the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision.

30. Moreover, if the contention of both the Banks is to be accepted, the employees of the said banks will be at a disadvantage as compared to similar employees of C class banks. There is no reason why the employees of the two Banks, which have now become C class banks, should be in a worse position than the other C class banks. In my opinion, as a consequence of upgradation of both the Banks from class D to class C, the employees of both the Banks, are entitled to recover dearness allowance as payable to similar employees in a bank, which has been classed as C from the very beginning. In the awards under reference, there is no direction in support of the contention raised by the Banks, and, if such, was the intention it is improbable, that there would not have been specific provisions in regard to the same. There is nothing either in the Sastry Award, or in the Award of the Labour Appellate Tribunal, or in the Award of the Bank Award Commission to support the view, that there should be differentiation in the matter of payment of dearness allowance between employees of a bank, which

was classed as C at the time the Award was passed, and the employees of a bank, which was upgraded from class D to Class C later.

31. There is no dispute regarding the fact of the area, in which both the Banks are situated. They are in Delhi classed as Area I.

32. On a consideration of all circumstances, my conclusion is, that all workmen of the two Banks in question are entitled to be paid dearness allowance, according to the scale laid down by the Labour Appellate Tribunal for clerical staff at page 70, paragraph 109, for C class banks in Area I, and at page 73, paragraph 112 in regard to Subordinate Staff, and as more particularly set out in paragraph 16 of the statement of claim and also in paragraph 23 above. Dearness allowance will be so paid to the employees of the Oriental Bank of Commerce, with effect from 1st October 1958, and to the employees of the New Bank of India from 1st January 1959, and the workmen will be entitled to recover the difference between what has been paid to them so far and what is payable to them as per the above decision.

33. In this connection it is alleged in the written statement filed on behalf of the New Bank of India that the Bank has been paying some special allowance by way of grace and over and above what is paid by way of dearness allowance according to the Sastry Award, and that this must go in deduction of the dearness allowance, that may have to be paid according to the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision. The first contention of Shri Parwana in answer is, that there is no reference in respect of this matter. The Second contention is that this amount was not paid by way of dearness allowance. There is no evidence to prove, whether the amount in question was paid as part of dearness allowance, or as special allowance, for other reasons. The contention raised by the Bank cannot be decided in this proceeding for want of evidence on either side, and it is accordingly left open for future determination, as and when it arises. If I venture to state, this is a matter which will really arise for decision at the time of computation of the amount, that may become payable to the employees, as a result of this adjudication. This question is accordingly not decided herein. I find as above on these issues.

Issue No. 5 in both I.D. Nos. 89 and 124 of 1960.

34. In the result, in I.D. No. 89 of 1960, an award is passed as follows:—

(i) The workmen of Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited shall recover from the management of Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited, Delhi, dearness allowance on the scale awarded to C class banks in Area I, and as laid down in Paragraph 109 of the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal at page 70, for clerical staff, and as laid down in Paragraph 112 at page 73, for subordinate staff, with effect from the 1st of October, 1958, and as set out above in paragraph 23.

(ii) The workmen of New Bank of India Limited shall recover from the management of New Bank of India Limited, Delhi, dearness allowance on the scale awarded to C class banks in Area I, and as laid down in Paragraph 109 of the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal at page 70, for clerical staff, and as laid down in Paragraph 112 at page 73, for subordinate staff, with effect from the 1st of January, 1959, and as set out in para above 23.

(iii) There will be no order as to costs.

(Twenty-five pages)

The 19th July, 1960.

(Sd.) E. KRISHNA MURTI,

(Sd.) E. KRISHNA MURTI,

Delhi.

[No. LR11-10(133)/58.]

S.O. 2054.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following awards of the National Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes), Bombay, in the matter of applications under section 33A of the said Act from certain workmen of the Devkaran Nanjee Banking Company Limited, Bombay and Pandyan Bank Limited, Madurai.

BEFORE THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (BANK DISPUTES),
AT BOMBAY.

COMPLAINT No. 1 OF 1960

in

REFERENCE No. 1 OF 1960.

In the matter of complaint under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

H. Sankaranarayanan, C/o. Pandyan Bank Employees' Union, Madras (Registered, 12/13 Angappa Naick Street,—*Complainant*).

Madras

*Versus*The Management of Pandyan Bank Ltd., by its Managing Director, Central Office, Pandyan Bank Ltd., Post Box No. 85, Madurai—*Respondent*.Shri K. K. Mandal of All India Bank Employees' Association—for the *Complainant*.Shri R. Balkrishna Kini—for the *Respondent*.

PRESIDING OFFICER

Honourable Shri Justice K. T. Desai.

New Delhi, the 25th July 1960

AWARD

This is a complaint under section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, by H. Sankaranarayanan, against the Pandyan Bank Ltd., opposite party (hereinafter referred to as 'the Bank') for contravention of provision of Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act.

The complainant states that he was taken up as an apprentice in the Bank from 13th May, 1959 at Madras. After completing one year's apprenticeship on 13th May 1960, by an order passed by the Bank on 21st May, 1960, the complainant was transferred from the Madras Office to the Mayuram Office of the Bank with instructions to report for duty at the Mayuram Branch of the Bank on 26th May, 1960. On 27th May, 1960 i.e., a day after the complainant reported for duty at Mayuram, his services were terminated all of a sudden as per the Bank's Central Office Order dated 26th May, 1960. According to the complainant, the termination of his services without any reason whatsoever was an illegal and unjustified act on the part of the Bank as on 27th May 1960 he was a permanent employee of the Bank and that it amounted to a clear alteration in his service conditions, under the said section 33.

Usual Notices were issued to both the parties fixing the date of hearing on 25th July, 1960.

On 7th July 1960 the Bank filed its reply to the complaint denying that there was any alteration of service conditions. It further stated that the Bank had made an application to the Reserve Bank of India for licences to open 30 branches which could absorb nearly 120 hands but the Reserve Bank did not grant the requisite permission, but advised the management to renew the application for licence for new branches in 1961 and therefore, the management could not think of absorbing in any vacancy apprentices numbering about 220. They deny that there was any discrimination in this case as they had actually kept his name on the waiting list and subsequently he was offered an opportunity to join at the Madurai South Branch of the Bank as clerk. The Bank pray for rejection of the petition of the complainant with cost.

Shri Mandal of the All India Bank Employees' Association appearing for the complainant informed me that the complainant has since joined his duties and requested that the period of break may be treated as on employment. The Bank's representative, Shri R. Balkrishna Kini, was not prepared to accede to that request. I allowed the parties some time to see if in respect of this complaint and several other complaints against the respondent Bank some settlement could be arrived at in view of the fact that the Managing Director of the Bank was then in Bombay. No such settlement could be arrived at and the matter was further proceeded with.

Shri Mandal contended that the complainant was being sought to be punished and victimised by the Bank for taking active part in the Union activities. The Bank has denied this charge. Shri Mandal argued that the circumstances in which the complainant had been transferred and his services terminated on the next day of his taking charge at the Mayuram branch of the Bank indicated that there had been victimisation and this action was *mala fide* and the termination of service of the complainant was an alteration of the conditions of service particularly as dismissal amounted to a change in totality of working conditions of the complainant.

The complainant was transferred by the Bank's order dated the 21st May, 1960. The letter of the Reserve Bank dated 19th May, 1960 rejecting the Bank's application for permission to open new branches was in all probability received by the Bank after issuing the letter of transfer to the Complainant on 21st May, 1960. There is no *mala fide* action on the part of the Bank. The Bank could have terminated the services of the complainant if it had so desired before 13th May, 1960.

There was no alteration in conditions of service also as alteration in conditions of service implies that the service continues but on altered conditions. It is not correct to say that the complainant was a permanent employee of the Bank on 27th May, 1960. According to his terms of employment, he continued to be an apprentice till such time as he was absorbed in a clear vacancy. Till the date of his dismissal, he had all along been treated as an apprentice by the Bank.

As no case has been made out by educing evidence or otherwise to prove that there was any alteration in the conditions of service or that there was a *mala fide* intention on the part of the Bank in dismissing the complainant or that there was any contravention of the provisions of section 33, this petition is dismissed. No order as to cost.

KANTILAL T. DESAI,

Presiding Officer, National Industrial
Tribunal (Bank Disputes), Bombay-1.

BEFORE THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (BANK DISPUTES),
AT BOMBAY.

COMPLAINT No. 6 OF 1960.

in

REFERENCE No. 1 OF 1960.

Shri C. G. Viswanathan, Shantiniketan, 8th Road, Chembur, Bombay-71.—
Complainant.

Versus

Messrs Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co., Ltd., Bombay-1—Respondent.

In the matter of a Complaint under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, dated 29th June, 1960.

PRESIDING OFFICER:

Honourable Shri Justice K. T. Desai

APPEARANCES: (1) Complainant in Person, (2) Shri G. R. Venkatraman, Legal Adviser, Labour Secretariat of Banks in India, for the Respondent.

Date: 27th July 1960

AWARD.

This is a complaint petition under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, by Shri C. G. Viswanathan, an accountant in M/s. Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co., Ltd., which is the respondent in this case. The Complainant states that he was entitled to special supervisory allowance and all other allowances besides his basic salary according to the Shastri Award and the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal in appeal therefrom. He complains that inspite of representations made by him, by his Union and through the Government nominee, he has not been paid any of these allowances so far by the opposite party. He further states that the respondent Bank, in order to defeat his case has in its Gazette of July, 1960, designated him as an 'OFFICER' instead of his usual designation of an 'ACCOUNTANT'.

A Notice was issued to the respondent.

The Respondent Bank, by its written statements dated 11th July 1960, has denied all the charges made by the complainant and stated that the petitioner was an officer of the bank and was not a workman within the meaning of the definition of "workman" under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, as it stood at the time when the Shastri Award was made, and was not, therefore, governed by the terms of any award applicable to the Bank and was not entitled to any increment as a matter of right. The further submission of the respondent Bank is that even after the amendment of the definition of "workman" by the Amending Act XXXVI of 1956 the provisions of the Shastri Award did not become applicable to him as the Shastri Award was expressly made applicable to only clerical and subordinate grades as were prevailing on the date of the Award and as that Award had made no provision for the type of employees like the petitioner. The respondent Bank contends that the petitioner and other employees who were classified as Officers on the date of the said Award were and are governed by the terms and conditions of service of the Bank and not by the terms of any Award and therefore the petitioner's claim was totally and wholly not tenable and maintainable.

This matter came up for hearing to-day when Shri Viswanathan appeared in person in support of his case and Shri Venkatraman of the Indian Banks Association represented the respondent Bank. The arguments of the Complainant were heard.

The complaint regarding the alleged non-implementation of the Shastri's Award in the case of the Complainant is of long-standing. There has been no alteration in the conditions of the service of the Complainant during the pendency of the proceedings before this National Tribunal. As regards the designation of the complainant as an "Officer" in the Dena Bank Gazette of July, 1960, apart from all other conditions, Shri G. R. Venkatraman, for and on behalf of the Respondent Bank, stated that the Complainant in this case is a workman within the meaning of the amended definition of a "Workman" under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, and that the Bank will proceed with the present reference before me on that footing. He further stated that by calling the complainant an "Officer" it was never the intention of the Bank to make him cease to be a workman within the meaning of the amended definition of a "Workman". The designation of the complainant as an "Officer" does not constitute an alteration in the conditions of service of the complainant within the meaning of Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act. Shri Viswanathan was designated as an Officer in the past and the same practice continued even after the constitution of this National Tribunal.

The Complainant has made out no case under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, and his complaint is dismissed. No order as to cost.

KANTILAL T. DESAI,

Presiding Officer, National Industrial
Tribunal, (Bank Disputes), Bombay-1.

[No. LR II-10(125)/60.].

S. N. TULSIANI, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

New Delhi, the 10th August 1960

S.O. 2055.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1958 read with sub-rule (3) of rule 9 of the said Rules, the Central Government hereby re-appoints the following persons after consultation with the Central Board of Film Censors as members of the

Advisory Panel of the Central Board of Film Censors at Bombay with immediate effect:

1. Shri M. Harris.
2. Prof. D. L. Khianra.

Their previous term of membership expired on 1st January 1960 and 2nd June 1960 respectively.

[No. 11/2/59-FC.]

S. PADMANABHAN, Under Secy.

